The Adams Sentinel.

A Family Journal---Devoted to Foreign and Domestic News, Politics, Literature, Agriculture, Education, Morality, Science and Art. Amusement, Advertising, &c. &c.

At $2.00, if paid in advance,— Or $2.50, if not paid in the year.

ROBERT G. HARPER, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

Advertisements $1.00 per square for 3 weeks, " 25 " for each cont.

"RESIST WITH CARE THE SPIRIT OF INNOVATION UPON THE PRINCIPLES OF YOUR GOVERNMENT, HOWEVER SPECIOUS THE PRETEXTS."—*Washington.*

VOL. LVIII. GETTYSBURG, PA., MONDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1858. NO. 48.

YORK COUNTY FAIR.

THE annual exhibition of the York County Agricultural Society will be held at York, Penn'a, on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 6th, 7th, 8th, and 9th days of October, 1858. The Society have made every preparation for a creditable exhibition. The premiums offered are quite liberal, and inducements are held out to competitors without regard to locality. All articles intended for the Exhibition will be transported by the several Railroad Companies free of charge, and it is expected that visitors to the Fair will be furnished with ticket at reduced rates.

Sept. 27. 2t

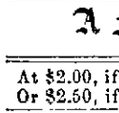
PUBLIC SALE.

On Saturday, the 9th of October, at 2 o'clock, P. M.,

BY virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of PETER SNYDER, deceased, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, in Petersburg. (Y. S.)

A Lot of Ground,

adjoining lots of Dr. H. C. Metcalf, Jacob Gardner, Jun., and others, on which is erected a Two-story



BRICK HOUSE,

with Brick Kitchen attached, a Log Stable and other out buildings.

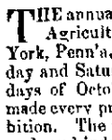
Persons wishing to view the property will be shown the same by calling on the subscriber.

☞Attendance given, and terms made known by JOHN WOLFORD, Adm'r.

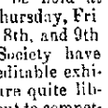
Sept. 13. ts

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN!

If you desire to have a neat and substantial



BOOT OR **SHOE**,



Go to Bringman & Culp's,

WHO are always manufacturing Boots and Shoes of the best material that can be had. None but good workmen are employed.

☞Sign of the **BIG BOOT.**

N. B. A good steady Journeyman wanted.

Sept. 6. tf

THIS WAY!

NEW BOOT & SHOE ESTABLISHMENT.

JAMES WILSON

HAS the pleasure of announcing to his friends and the public that he has commenced the *Boot and Shoe* business on his „own hook," on Baltimore street, Gettysburg, opposite Fahnestock's store, and is prepared to make up Boots and Shoes of all kinds, for Gentlemen, Ladies, and Children. I have determined to employ none but the best of hands, and will personally superintend all my work, so that the public can rest assured that no effort will be spared to give satisfaction to customers.

☞Give me a call.

JAMES WILSON.

Sept. 6. tf

W. R. Linn, of Newville, Pa.

AGENT FOR

Prince&Co's Improved Melodeons

THE BEST IN THE WORLD!

Also, the World-renowned

CHICKERING PIANOS.

☞Pianos and Melodeons delivered to any address at Manufacturers' prices. *Every instrument warranted.* Send for a circular.

July 12. 3m

WINCHESTER & CO.

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

AND

Patent Shoulder Seam Shirt Manufact'y,

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 706 Chesnut Street, Philadelphia,

OPPOSITE THE WASHINGTON HOUSE.

A. WINCHESTER will give, as heretofore, his personal supervision to the Cutting and Manufacturing departments.—Orders for his celebrated style of Shirts and Collars filled at the shortest notice.

Persons desiring to order Shirts, can be supplied with the formula for measurement, on application by mail.

Constantly on hand, a varied and select stock of Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods.

☞Wholesale orders supplied on liberal terms.

Sept. 13. 1y

J. W. SCOTT,

(Late of the firm of Winchester & Scopp,)

Gentlemen's Furnishing Store,

AND

Shirt Manufactory,

814 *Chesnut Street, (nearly opposite the Girard House,) Philadelphia.*

J. W. SCOPP would respectfully call the attention of his former patrons and friends to his new Store, and is prepared to fill orders for SHIRTS at short notice. A perfect fit guaranteed. COUNTRY TRADE supplied with FINE SHIRTS and COLLARS. [Sept. 20. 1y

A. H. C. BROCKEN,

22 Cliff Street, New-York,

MANUFACTURER OF

GLASS SYRINGES, HOMŒOPATHIC VIALS, GRADUATED MEASURES, NURSING BOTTLES, ETC.

GLASS Ware for Chemists, Druggists, Perfumers, Photographers, etc. Green Glass Ware by the package. A liberal discount made to the trade. Orders from Country Druggists and Dealers solicited. Price Lists sent on application.

Aug. 2. 3m

J. T. DROWN, Manufacturing Jeweler, No. 26 Maiden Lane, offers his stock, consisting of a general assortment of Lockets, Chains, &c., which are offered at the lowest cash prices. Great inducements to country cash buyers.

Aug. 16. 3m

MANTILLAS—Cheap and fashionable, at MISS McCREARY'S.

SHEADS & BUEHLER

HAVE constantly on hand, at their yard, on Washington and Railroad streets, every variety of MOUNTAIN and River Lumber, White Pine, Hemlock, Ash and Poplar boards; Plank, Scantling, Joice, Studding, &c. They are ready to fill, at the shortest notice, all orders, for any amount, for building purposes, at prices which will surprise those who may favor them with a call. They have also on hand a lot of worked Flooring, Pailings for fencing, Plaster and Shingling Lathes, &c.

LUMBER

May 3.

Carpets!—From Auction.

3.000 YDS. Carpets, all styles and patterns, just received, which we purchased at auction at a great sacrifice to the manufacturer, and which we will offer at greatly reduced prices. We will sell Carpets, Wool filling, handsome patterns, at 31, 35, 40, 45 and 50 cents, such as never were bought at anything like the present prices. Those in want of cheap Carpet should call at once and select from our present assortment.

May 17. FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

Cheap! Cheap! More New Goods.

JACOBS and BRO. have just returned from the city, with a very large assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Summer Goods, and everything else in the men's wear line. They also offer plain and fancy Shirts, Collars, silk and cotton Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, etc. Having bought unusually low, for the cash, they are enabled to sell CHEAPER THAN EVER—an excellent full cloth suit, made up, for $13, for instance. Give them a call at their new establishment, in Chambersburg street, a few doors west of the Court-house, before purchasing elsewhere.

May 17. tf

NOTICE.

LETTERS of Administration on the estate of THOMAS LINAH, late of Tyrone township, Adams county, deceased, having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Carroll county, Md., he hereby gives notice to persons indebted to said estate to call and settle the same, and those who have claims to present them, properly authenticated, for settlement.

☞R. G. McCREARY, Esq., of Gettysburg, will attend to the business connected with the Estate, and to him all applications may be made in regard to it.

SAMUEL L. LINAH, Adm'r.

Aug. 30. 6t

JUST ARRIVING!

NEW GOODS at GILLESPIE & THOMAS'.—Groceries, Fish, Spices, Confections, Fruits, &c., &c. Selling cheaper than ever. Give us a call.

Also, the Jones' Patent COAL OIL LAMPS—the greatest improvement of the age.

June 14. tf

GREAT IMPROVEMENT IN

COOKING STOVES.

Consumption of Smoke and Gas, and Saving of Fuel.

THE subscriber would respectfully inform the public that he has added to his former variety of Stoves, a new *Patented Gas burning* COOKING STOVE.—It is well known that all inflammable matter requires a certain amount of air to support combustion, and if the supply is insufficient, it is impossible to produce a flame.—The heat of the fire, in ordinary cooking stoves, decomposes the fuel, and as all the fresh air is admitted under the grate, its oxygen is exhausted before it has passed through the fire-chamber. The close flues at the top of the stove then act as an extinguisher, tending to put out the fire instead of assisting the combustion. A large portion of the fuel, therefore, passes off in the shape of smoke, clogging up the flues of the stove so as to impede the draft and interfere with the baking,—or of the invisible gas which combines with the lime and so destroys the mortar of the chimneys, loosening the bricks, and exposing the dwellings to the danger of fire.

The introduction of an additional supply of cold air, would cool the gas below the igniting temperature, but by the proper application above the fire, of air previously heated to a temperature for several hundred degrees (which is one of the prominent features of the patent,) the gases are inflamed in numerous jets, and their combustion is sufficient to heat the oven, even if the draft through the fire-chamber is entirely closed.

In addition to the ordinary direct draft under the grate and through the fire chamber, the gas-burner has an additional draft through the top plates, which is of itself sufficient to maintain combustion. The upper draft not only consumes the gases, but it helps to strengthen and preserve the centre pieces, which are most exposed to the direct action of the fire, and which are made double instead of the usual single plates.—By means of this draft only, all the operations of cooking can be carried on when the fuel is but partially ignited, and the fuel consequently burns more slowly and more economically.

A sufficient evidence of the effect of the gases in heating the oven, is found in the fact that the oven will be ready for baking, even before the fire is thoroughly kindled, and much sooner than in any other stove.

As Gas burning Stoves are the order of the day, the Gas-burning Cooking Stove will not only be the leading stove of the present season, but it will undoubtedly supersede all others. Purchasers will, therefore, consult their own interests, by seeing and examining it before giving orders elsewhere. The operation is so perfect, and its advantages are so easily to be seen and understood, that it readily commands at retail, an advance of five or six dollars over the retail price of any stove of the same size.

Also, on hand a variety of PARLOR COAL STOVES—cheap.

ANDREW POLLEY, York St., Gettysburg.

Sept. 27. 4m

Choice Poetry.

COME WANDERER, TO THY HOME.

Come, wand'rer, to thy Home, come to the bowers,
Where thy young childhood spent
Its unbeclouded hours
Of calm content—
Tho' lands with brighter skies and fairer flowers,
And birds of sweeter song
Perchance than those of ours,
Thou dwellest among,
Come home! Come home!

Home is no longer home, since round its hall
We've looked, but found thee not,
Listening in vain the fall
Of thy light foot—
Fond hearts await thee, here attend their call,
For thee they long have wept,
O! blest beloved of all
By memory kept,
Come home! Come home!

The flowers thou lov'dst so well bloom as of yore;
At dawn and close of day
The birds their carol pour,
From every spray:
The brook, as it was wont, our cot before
Still murmurs gaily on;
The elm still shades our dome—
Change there is none—
Come home! Come home!

By childhood's sunny joys by memory dear
Of youth's bright May-time gleams,
By future bliss bought next
In fancy dreams,
By sympathy's strong tie, by love sincere,
By all thou hopest, by all,
We call on thee to hear,
And come to our call—
Come home! Come home!

Miscellaneous.

Indian Summer of Life.

In the life of the good man there is an Indian summer more beautiful than that of the season, richer, sunnier, and more sublime than any Indian summer the world ever knew—it is the Indian summer of the soul. When the glow of youth has departed, when the warmth of middle age is gone, and the buds and blossoms of spring are changing to the sear and yellow leaf, then the mind of the good man, still ripe and vigorous, relaxes its labors, and the memories of a well spent life gush forth from their secret fountains, enriching, rejoicing and fertilizing; then the trustful resignation of the Christian sheds around a sweet and holy warmth, and the soul assuming a heavenly lustre, is no longer restricted to the narrow confines of business, but soars beyond the winter of hoary age, and dwells peacefully and happily upon that bright spring and summer which await him within the gates of Paradise evermore. Let us strive for and look trustingly toward an Indian summer like this.

Young Men.

Our young men are a painful study.—As they lounge about the streets with bold, leering faces, poisoning the air with oaths or madly whirling along behind lashed horses, or loom up dimly amid the smoky glare of haunts of folly, sin and shame, it is sickening to think that with them rests the future of the country, and in them lies its hope. It is no wonder that the hearts of fathers and mothers and sisters are filled with dread and grief. No wonder that the perpetual and earnest advice to the young man is to go into 'ladies' society.' The advice is good. There is positive safety for him in the society of a modest, gentle, kind, and sensible girl. There is comparative safety for him in the society of a vain, giggling, trifling girl. The most empty-headed and empty-hearted of coquettes is a more harmless companion for him than a cursing, tippling fellow, who thinks all manner of silliness and sin manly, and will travel fast, although hell yawns at the end of the road.

☞Perhaps there is no evil without some compensating good. The tornado that sweeps in dire destruction over a country may, by purifying its atmosphere, prevent greater calamities, and perhaps cause the incoming harvest to yield abundance even to plethora. And those personal afflictions that overtake us, darkening all the streams of light that were flowing in upon our existence, may be the "wholesome soil of virtue, where patience, honor, sweet humanity and calm fortitude take root and flourish."

Sense.

A rough common sense pervades the following, in which there is certainly more truth than poetry:

'Great men never swell. It is only three cent individuals who are salaried at the rate of two hundred dollars a year and dine on potatoes and dried herring, who put on airs and flashy waistcoats, swell, puff, blow, and endeavor to give themselves a consequential appearance. No discriminating person can ever mistake the spurious for the genuine article. The difference between the two is as great as that between a bottle of vinegar and a bottle of the pure juice of the grape.'

☞If you love others, they will love you. If you speak kindly to them, they will speak kindly to you. Love is repaid with love, and hatred with hatred. Would you hear a sweet and pleasing echo, speak sweetly and pleasantly yourself.

☞Hard times produce one good thing—they check gossipping. Mrs. Checker has only had company once since last summer. The consequence is that the neighbor's characters stand higher than they had been for five years.

☞A gentleman once asked a company of little boys what they were good for?—One little fellow very promptly answered: 'We are good to make men of.'

Buying Woodcock.

I was recovering from sickness lately, and needed something to tempt my appetite. I thought woodcock, well cooked and served, would move my dormant palate My Irish servant was told to go down and purchase a pair. Mrs. B——— said to him:—"I suppose you know what they are?—those birds with very long bills?" "Yes, mem, I do." Then turning to the cook, she gave directions for their preparation for the table. After the lapse of an hour, the man returned with the change. "Well, Jim, did you get the woodcocks?" "I *did*, mem." "But how is this?—how much change have you brought? What did they cost?" "Sixteen cents for *the pair!*" "Yes, mem." "Why that is extremely cheap!" He stood in a hesitating way for a moment, and then asked Mrs. B——— if she would not step down and see them. She walked down to the kitchen, and Jim stepped up to the table, took up a small package which he unfolded, and handed out a couple of the longest kind of *wooden faucets!* "Why, bless you, man, these are not woodcocks! Didn't you hear me give directions about *cooking* them?" "I *did*, mem" But don't you see that I could not cook one of *these!* I might keep them in the pot a whole hour, and they would not be cooked." "I see, mem: I made a mistake. Shall I take 'em back, mem?"—*Correspondent of Knickerbocker.*

Speaking Out in Dreams.—A correspondent of the Richmond Dispatch tells the following in a letter from one of the Springs:

An amusing incident occurred on the cars of the Virginia and Tennessee road, which must be preserved in print. It is too good to be lost. As the train entered the Big Tunnel, near this place, in accordance with the usual custom a lamp was lit. A servant girl, accompanying her mistress, had sunk into a profound slumber, but just as the lamp was lit she awoke, and, half asleep, imagined herself in the infernal regions. Frantic with fright, she implored her Maker to have mercy on her, remarking, at the same time, 'the devil has got me at last.' Her mistress, sitting on the seat in front of the terrified negro, was deeply mortified, and called upon her—'Mollie, don't make such a noise; it is I, be not afraid.' The poor African immediately exclaimed, 'Oh, missus, dat you, jest what I 'spected; I always thought if ever I got to de bad place, I would see you dar.' These remarks were uttered with such vehemence, that not a word was lost, and the whole coach became convulsed with laughter.

☞Curran was a rare wit, but even he sometimes met with his match. He was once examining a cross-grained, ugly-looking witness, from whom he in vain sought to obtain a direct answer. At length he exclaimed,

'It is no use trying to get the truth out of you, for I see the villain in your face!'

'Do you, sir?' retorted the man, with a grin, 'why, then, it must be so—faith, I never knew my face was a looking-glass before!'

A Clear Case.

Coming along the street the other morning, we overheard the following conversation, which is clear enough: 'Julius, is you better dis morning?' 'No, I was better yesterday, but I'se got ober dat.' 'Am dere no hopes den, ob your discovery?'—'Discovery of what?' 'Your discovery from de convalescence what am fetching you on yer back.' 'Dat depends, sah, altogedder on the prognostication, which amplify de disease. Should dey continuate fatually, de doctor tinks I'se a goner, should dey not continuate fatually, he hopes dis called individual won't die till next time. But as I said before, dat all depends on de prognostics, and till dese come to a head, dere am no telling wedder dis pusson will come to a discontinuation or odderwise.'

☞A young lady of extraordinary intellectual capacities, recently addressed the following letter to her cousin, living in a country village: "Deer Cussin the weather whur we is air cold and I suppose whur you is it air coler. we awl is well and muther is got the his Terics and bruther Tom is got the Hubpin Koff and Sister susin is got a biby an i heap these few lines will find U in the same condishun rite sune yure apheckshunate Kussin til deth.'

'The Present Company Excepted.'—At a public dinner in the country, a farmer, while relating something to the company about two Chinese women, said, 'I declare they were the ugliest women I ever seen anywhere.' There happened to be two maiden ladies present of no remarkable beauty, the farmer, who was a little misty, began to think he had made a mess of it, and that they would imagine he was alluding to them; so, to put the matter straight, (as he thought) he added, 'the present company excepted.' Roars of laughter ensued, and in a few minutes both farmer and ladies had vanished.

☞A farmer having his butter seized by the clerk of the market for short weight, gave, as a reason, that the cow from which the butter was made, was subject to the cramp, and that caused the butter to shrink in weight.

☞It has been thought that people are degenerating because they don't live as long as in the days of Methuselah. But the fact is provisions are so high that nobody can afford to live very long at the present rates.

Difference in Wives.

Two weeks since we were riding in the cars, when a gentleman came and spoke to a lady directly front of us, who was seated beside a sickly man, whom we thought was her husband. The conversation turned upon the health of her companion, who was evidently a consumptive.

'Last winter,' said she, 'I went to Kansas with him. The winter before we spent in Florida; and now we are thinking of removing to Wisconsin or Minnesota for the benefit of his health.'

The gentleman expressed some thoughts relative to her friendship in thus going away from her home and friends, and traveling so much abroad.

'Oh!' she replied, 'I do not mind that at all, if he can only regain his health. I like New England better than any other part of the country, for it is home; but I am willing to live anywhere for his sake.'

Her husband made no reply as he heard those words, but volumes were in his eyes. The incident, however, did not particularly impress us until we stopped at a station about a half hour afterwards. Then a friend entered the car and took a seat by our side. He was troubled with a bronchial and lung difficulty, of some years standing. In course of conversation we recommended a residence in a certain Western State, to which he replied, in substance:

'I should have been there three months ago, if my wife had been willing to go.—But all her friends are here in Massachusetts, and no consideration could induce her to leave for a residence so far away.'

We looked at once at the strange woman, whose conversation we cited. 'Noble wife,' we said, 'One of a thousand doubtless in this spirit of self-denial for her husband's sake.' There is certainly a great difference between those two wives.

[*Happy Home.*

The Wanderers of the Sky.—At present there are three comets visible—two telescopically, and one with the naked eye.—The latter most of our citizens have had a glimpse of. To what cause we are indebted at this time for so many fiery visitors our learned men have not yet informed us.—Ignorance is seldom gratifying but it is always pleasant to contrast the present comparative indifference of the public to such a fact, as compared to the times when comets 'were regarded as preternatural appearances, betokening the displeasure of the superior powers, and accordingly viewed with terror and apprehension, naturally excited by harbingers of indefinite and unavoidable calamity.' It is possible that here and there, there may be even yet some old women in pantaloons or petticoats who believe that the comet may be 'an awful sign' of something or other, just as there are minnies who visit fortune tellers; but for the great mass of mankind, and especially in those quarters whence information flows, the bug bear character of comets is now efficiently discredited.

Mosquitoes on the Plains.

A traveller crossing the great plains has met the inevitable mosquito. 'I thought,' says he, 'that when I had left the States I had bid farewell to the 'skeeter,' but no such thing; every spear of grass on the plains seemed to be a homestead on which the largest kind of families are raised and located. The Missouri river bottom insect by that name is an agreeable companion compared with the Plains article. I have seen the Orleans gallinippers and the Cairo snapping-turtle specimen, but the mosquito of this region has a cross of both the vulture and the wolf in him. He don't hum and sing around your ears, but he howls and takes right hold, and in pulling him loose great care should be taken or else you will break off his bill like a pipe stem, leaving a black mark or stump sticking on your face, which in large quantities makes the Plains' traveller resemble a tattooed New Zealand chief. You can't bar them out, for they chew textile fabrics right up, and smoke don't effect them the least, although I am credibly informed from a source in which I place the greatest reliance—one of our mule drivers—that fire well applied has been known to kill them.

Old Folks Elopement.

Justice Purday married a couple yesterday who fully merit the felicity which they will doubtless enjoy in the connubial union. The bridegroom was an old bachelor, whose years numbered three score and ten, and whose looks betokened him innocent of womanhood. His bride was a widow, who asserted that she was but fifty seven, but the bystanders set her down at eighty. It appears that the widow, in the exercise of those winsome ways which widows do effect, inveigled the bachelor into an attachment which both parties proposed to consummate in matrimony. An objection arose, however, in the shape of several infants, twenty or thirty years old, belonging to the widow, who most decidedly objected to their marrying. In this dilemma they resorted to the usual dodge peculiar to young people, and eloped. As they lived in Canada, the only place to elope was to America, and they accordingly came to Detroit, the bridegroom coming first, and the widow joining him afterwards. Their delight at the successful termination of their romantic adventures was unbounded.

[*Detroit Free Press.*

☞'Do you believe in second love, Mr. McQuade?' 'Do I belave in second love? Humph! if a man buys a pound of sugar, isn't it swate?' and when it's gone, don't he want another pound, and isn't that swate too? Troth, Murphy, I belave in second love.'

Be Systematic.

It will add more to your convenience and comfort through life than you can imagine. It saves time, saves temper, saves patience, and saves money. For a while, it may be a little troublesome, but you will soon find it is easier to do right than wrong; that it is easier to go by rule than without one.

Be systematic in everything; let it extend to the minutest trifles, it is not beneath you Whitfield could not go to sleep at night, if, after retiring, he remembered that his gloves and riding whip were not in their usual place, where he could lay his hands right on them in the dark, on any emergency; and such are the men who leave their mark for good on the world's history. It was by his systematic habits from youth to age that Noah Webster was able to leave to the world his great dictionary. 'Method was the presiding spirit of his life,' writes his biographer.

Systematic men are the only reliable men; they are the men who comply with their engagements. They ar minute men. The man who has nothing to do is the man who does nothing. The man of system is soon known to do all that he engages to do; to do it well and to do it at the time promised, consequently he has his hands full.—When I want any mechanical job done, I go to the man whom I always find busy, and I do not fail to find him to be the man to do that job promptly and to the hour.

And more, teach your children to be systematic. Begin with your daughters at five years of age; give them a drawer or two for their clothing; make it a point to go to that drawer any hour of the day and night; and if each article is not properly arranged, give quiet and rational admonition; if arranged well, give affectionate praise and encouragement. Remember that children, as well as grown people, will do more to retain a name than to make one.

As soon as practicable, let your child have a room which shall be its own, and treat that room as you did the drawer; thus you will plant and cultivate a habit of systematic action which will bless that child when young, increase the blessing when the child becomes a parent, and extend its pleasurable influences to the close of life. A single unsystematic person in a house, is a curse to a family. A wife who has her whole establishment so arranged, from cellar to attic, that she knows, on any emergency, where to go for a required article, is a treasure to any man, (my experience, reader!) while one who never knows where anything is, and when it is by accident found, is almost sure to find it crumpled, soiled, or out of order, such a wife as the latter is unworthy of the name, and is a living reproach to the mother who bore her.—*Hall's Journal.*

A Fortune.—By the death of Mr. Hudson of Calcutta, a youth now in the employ of a printer at the West end is suddenly put in possession of more than $7,500,000. It is said that the young man had no previous knowledge of his relation except as having once heard his mother say she had a brother in India.—*London Court Circular.*

Gambling in Germany.—A Prussian gentleman recently broke the Wiesbaden bank in about an hour, winning 250,000 francs—$50,000. He played the limit—8,500 francs—17,000 every time, and fortune smiled on him while he did it.

Heavy Taxation.—In the city of Milwaukee, Wisconsin, the people are taxed at the rate of $2 37 for every man, women and child, for city purposes alone. The debt of the city is $2,370,850!

Creosote for Warts.

☞Dr. Ruiney, of St. Thomas Hospital, London, has furnished a communication to *The Lancet*, detailing the effects of creosote applied to warts. He applied it, among other instances, to an obstinate warty excrescence on the finger, and then covered it over with a piece of sticking plaster. This course he pursued every three days for two weeks, when, on examination, the wart was found to have disappeared, leaving the part beneath it quite healthy.

Arkansas Politicians.—In Pike county, Ark., a few days ago, a political meeting came off, at which the candidates for the Legislature—a Dr. Lane among them—addressed the people. Upon the Dr. descending from the platform, after a brilliant speech, he was arrested for a murder committed in North Carolina two or three years ago, and put in irons, to be conveyed to the State from which he had fled. The Dr. was very reluctant, and appealed to his 'constituents,' but it wouldn't do.

For Scolding Wives.—A carpenter had been for some time repairing a house whose mistress is a reputed termagant. Listening to her as she vented her wrath on her good natured "old man," the other day, Shaving turned to us and said: "If I had such a wife as that, I'd 'point her funeral to-morrow at two o'clock, and by J-o-e k-s the corpse would be ready."

☞Mr. and Mrs. Brewer, of Wayne county, Ky., have twenty-two children.—Their's is perhaps the most extensive Brewery in the West.

☞Why does an aching tooth impose silence on the sufferer? Because it makes him hold his jaw.

☞Who is the greatest liar? He who talks the most of himself. There's a cap for whom it fits.

☞Pardon is a glorious kind of revenge; I think myself sufficiently revenged of my enemy, if I pardon him.

Mohammedan Troubles.

The intelligence from the East, received by the Persia, indicates that the excitement of the Mohammedan world against Christians, so far from having subdued, is rather increased in intensity and activity. Thus, threats of death to the Christians in Tripoli were so strong that the French Consul at Beyrout had proceeded there to advise measures of a precautionary character. A letter from Damascus says that the Russian Consulate had been assaulted by fanatics, and the Consul obliged to retire for safety to Beyrout. Even in Constantinople serious fears are entertained for the safety of Christians; and the existence of a conspiracy to dethrone the Sultan, originating in the dissatisfaction felt with the liberty and protection he has endeavored to extend to the Christian subjects, is fully confirmed.

The repugnance of the followers of the Prophet to Christians has always been very great. The latter live, as known, under numerous restraints, and are liable at any time to be persecuted and suffer outrage. Out of Europe, wherever Christians are found in a Mohammedan community, their persecutions hardly reach the public ear; and even when it is made known it conveys no idea of the wretched life which the Christian habitually leads among Mussulmans. In Turkey in Europe, where the Christian population greatly outnumbers the Turks, more liberty is enjoyed by them. But even there they are plundered by the Pacha who happens to rule the province, and insulted by the rabble. The protection of the Porte avails but little—for its power, beyond a certain moral influence wielded by it, is not much at any great distance from Constantinople. Even at Constantinople it is obliged to exert itself considerably to suppress the feelings of the fanatical Mussulmans. And now, at this famous capital, the lives of Christians are threatened; and so unpopular has the Sultan become, that a conspiracy existed to dethrone him as an unfaithful successor to the Prophet; while in some portions of the Asiatic dominions earnest and zealous Mussulmans are beginning to desert from his control.

Notwithstanding the great war undertaken in behalf of the integrity of Turkey, that empire is past help. It cannot be that a nation can maintain itself in Europe, and continue to govern a large body of Christians, when it repudiates the faith of the Christian and maintains a system equally at variance with the moral laws that promote physical health and development. The fierce conqueror from Asia has no representative in the modern Turk, who is the embodiment of all the vices that his religion and system of government engender. And while he has lost in vigor of nature, he has lost nothing in intolerance, and the bulk of the population are as ready to cut the throats of Christians as their hardier progenitors were to ride in innocent blood.

The fresh impulse given to the Mohammedans grows partly out of the war with Russia, and partly out of the revolt in India and the war on Persia. The Turks have somehow got the notion into their heads that they have achieved a great victory over their powerful enemy of the north, and they are elated by it. Moreover, they believe that the Christians in India have attempted to annihilate the Mohammedans, for the purpose of rooting out the true faith from that country. They give the same explanation to the Persian war. This opinion is widely spread; so that, wherever the followers of the Prophet are found, there is unusual excitement felt against the Christians—an excitement which manifests itself in furious outbreaks. This must work great changes. It will call for repeated interference of the great powers of the continent; and, so far as Turkey is concerned, will hasten its demise.

Fearful Accident.

A Horse Dragging a Dead Body Three Weeks.—Early in August, John Rawle, a lad of sixteen years, living in Vulcano, Amador county, Cal., who had vainly been endeavoring to obtain his father's consent to go to Frazer River, disappeared, taking with him a valuable horse. It was supposed he had started for Frazer River, so little anxiety was felt in regard to him. On the 5th of August his body was found in the Butte Ditch, a few miles east of Jackson, attached to a "lariat;" to a half dead horse. From appearances, the boy, on the night after leaving home lay down to sleep, with the horse tied to his person, to prevent his escape. The animal, becoming unmanageable through fright during the night, had run off, and dragged his master by the rope until the boy's life was extinct. Afterwards the horse had continued to graze around, dragging the boy along for three weeks. Finally the corpse had been dragged into a ditch, where it became entangled beyond the horse's strength to extricate it. In his efforts to pull loose, the horse had cut his neck to the bone with the rope. The boy's remains were horribly mutilated. Most of his limbs were broken and the flesh rubbed bare from the bone.

The New Cent.—We have seen one of the new pennies, cast at the United States Mint, the issue of which it has been proposed to the government to authorize. It is a decided improvement over the other 'nickel.' In place of 'that ugly bird,' we have a handsomely designed Indian head, surrounded with the words 'United States of America, 1858,' and on the other an improved wreath, with the national shield surmounting the words 'one cent.'—This cent is somewhat thicker than the other, with a deeper die, and is in many respects a decided improvement over the nickel bird's nest.

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Burning of the Steamship Austria.

FEARFUL LOSS OF LIFE!

Only 67 *Saved out of* 600!

HALIFAX, SEPT. 27.—The barque Lotus arrived here yesterday with twelve of the sixty-seven passengers saved from the steamer Austria, which was burnt at sea on the 13th inst. A passenger reports that a little after two o'clock on the afternoon of the 13th a dense volume of smoke burst from the after entrance to the steerage.—The speed of the steamer was instantly slackened to one-half, at which rate she continued until the magazine exploded, when the engineers were supposed to have been instantly suffocated. The fire next burst through the lights amidship, spreading with fearful rapidity. A boat was let down on the port side and instantly crushed. Another on the starboard side was swamped from the number of people rushing into it. All the first cabin passengers were on the poop, excepting a few gentlemen who must have been suffocated in the smoking room. Many of the second cabin passengers were also on the poop, but a number were shut up in the cabin by the fire. Some of these were pulled up through the ventilators, but the greater portion perished. The last woman who was drawn up said that six were already suffocated. Several men and women on the poop jumped into the sea by twos and threes. Some of the women were already in flames, others hesitated till they were driven to the step by the advancing flames, and in half an hour not a soul was left on the poop.

The French barque Maurice, Capt. Ernest Renoud, came alongside at five o'clock and rescued forty of the passengers, who were chiefly taken off the bowsprit, but some who were struggling in the water.—At eight o'clock one of the metallic boats came up with twenty-two persons, including the first and second officers. Subsequently four men were picked up on a floating piece of a broken boat. The second officer was afterwards rescued from the water, and both he and the third officer were severely burnt. Many of the male passengers were frightfully burnt. Only six women were saved, and three of these were shockingly burnt.

A Norwegian barque went alongside the wreck the next morning and may have picked up a few persons. The Maurice had no communication with her, but proceeded with the Austria's passengers to Fayal.

The passenger from whom the information is derived says that when the Captain of the Austria heard of the fire he rushed on deck exclaiming, "We are all lost!"—He then let down one of the boats, which was immediately lost, and he fell into the sea and was left far behind. The same passenger says that the fire arose from culpable negligence while fumigating the steerage with burning tar, under the superintendence of the 4th officer.

☞The worst fears have been realized as to the fate of the passengers of the Austria, Capt. Heydimann, which sailed from Hamburg on the 1st Sept. and Southampton on the 4th, for New York, and took fire, on the Atlantic ocean, on the 13th Sept. Our dispatches, published this morning, tell the terrible story. Out of about *six hundred* souls only *sixty-seven* are known to have been rescued from an awful death. The eight metallic life-boats, and three or four launches, which the ill-fated steamer is said to have had on board, seem to have been of little avail amidst the terrible panic that doubtless immediately ensued on the breaking out of the fire, followed, as it was, soon after, by the explosion of the magazine.

On board the Austria were many well known and wealthy citizens of New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Cincinnati, and St. Louis, returning from summer tours in Europe. Among them are the Rev. John Weinmann, Theodore Gorob, Mrs. D. Wachmann, Mr. Meinberg and his sister, Mrs. Reichart, with her three children, all of Baltimore. Mrs. Willian, (wife of Mr. Willian, proprietor of a fancy store in Washington city), and two children. T Eisfield, the well known musician and conductor of the Philharmonic concerts in New York, Theodore Glanbenskee, Professor of German in the New York Free Academy; Herman Thorbecke, a well known German of Philadelphia; Mrs. Emilie Vezin and three children, also of Philadelphia; Miss Mary Herken, and Mrs. Anna Paypers and three children, of St. Louis, and Wm. Sachol, of Cincinnati.

A Scene on the Gallows.

We have already briefly mentioned that P. S. Turley, formerly a clergyman, was executed on Friday week in Kanawha county, Va., for the murder of his wife.—On the gallows he made a speech, attributing the commission of the crime to his intemperance. The Kanawha Star says:

After speaking he requested that 'Jerusalem, my happy home,' might be sun; he said that many present had sung it with him on more happy occasions. He started the tune himself. While singing, he called his aged father on the platform, threw himself upon his neck, interrupted his singing only long enough to say 'farewell,' and then continued to take the lead. His mother, with his little daughter, came forward at his request, and he shook hands with her, and took his little one in his arms, kissed it, and all without seeming to be interrupted. So also with a brother.—They all left the ground before he fell.—He also, while singing, shook hands with some twenty others. Among them two of the brothers of his murdered wife. He had a smile on his face most of the time—There were but few dry eyes on the ground during the scene.

When they ceased singing, he turned about and said, 'Sheriff, I am ready to die,' and soon after the rope was cut, and the unfortunate man launched into eternity.

'Hired Out' for Life.—A colored man named William Brodie, of the bark Overman, of New York, who was convicted some time since in Darien, Ga., of attempting to inveigle slaves, was last week hired out for sixty-five years to Mr. James B. Strippling, of Tatnall county, for $553, the amount of fine and costs of suit.

Cowhided.—Mr. Henry Frost, the proprietor and editor of a scurrilous sheet in Cincinnati, known as the Town Talk, was the recipient of a very neat castigation on Tuesday afternoon at the hands of a lady named Lyons, whom he had slandered,

THE ADAMS SENTINEL.

GETTYSBURG:

MONDAY, OCT. 4, 1858.

The People's State Ticket.

SUPREME JUDGE,

JOHN M. READ, of Philadelphia.

CANAL COMMISSIONER,

WILLIAM E. FRAZER, of Fayette.

The People's County Ticket.

CONGRESS,

EDWARD McPHERSON.

ASSEMBLY,

SAMUEL DURBORAW.

JUDGE,

JAMES DAVIS.

COMMISSIONER,

SAMUEL METZGER.

DIRECTOR,

SAMUEL HERBST.

AUDITOR,

JOHN BRINKERHOFF.

CORONER,

DR. J. J. BENDER.

☞We invite attention to the communication of "*A Democrat*" in another column. Although differing from the writer in political views, there is much good sense in his article. We especially invite the attention of our Democratic readers.

☞The Compiler copied an article last week from the Chambersburg Spirit, which in a very malignant manner perverts a remark of our's about Mr. Pumroy, who was our candidate two years ago. Our remark was that "Mr. Reilly would not walk over the course as he did two years ago—for he has a man to oppose him now, who will meet him where he then blew his trumpet undisturbed." This is distorted by these worthies to be insulting to Mr. Pumroy, as calling him "not a man" Such an act of perversion and malignancy is really not worth noticing—but we will give it a passing remark.

Mr. Pumroy is a most worthy and esteemed citizen, and we, as did all our friends in this County, gave him a hearty support, fully up to the party vote. But it is well known that Mr. Pumroy was not a public speaker, and therefore Mr. Reilly had the whole field to himself, "blowing his trumpet undisturbed" by any defiant blast, and he swelled his cheeks to his heart's content. But *now* he has "a foeman worthy of his steel"—one who is not afraid to "beard the lion in his den—the Douglass in his hall" one who blanches not at the sound of Mr. Reilly's trumpet, but sends back as loud and defiant a blast—the People's candidate—the young and talented McPherson.

This is what we meant—this was what we said; and nothing but malignity could prevert it into an insult upon our very worthy friend, Mr. Pumroy.

☞The Compiler may fancy it is making a great hit by publishing Mr. McPherson as "a dandyfied chap, *skyting* about the State, with a cigar in his mouth and a tuft of hair on his upper lip," and "filled with contempt for plain substantial people" Such language about so worthy and exemplary a young man as Mr. McPherson must recoil upon its authors—no young man in our community sustains a higher reputation than does Mr. M., and no one is farther removed from dandyism. No young man of his age has more reason to be vain, from his varied knowledge and talent; yet few have more modesty in exhibiting it than Mr. Mc. The Compiler has not acted very gentlemanly in applying such epithets to the People's candidate—for its Editor knows they are not correct.

☞It is amusing to notice with what coolness the Compiler utters incredible things. In the last number, it remarks that "Hon. Wilson Reilly will be elected by a large, if not larger, majority, than he was two years ago." Well, that is decidedly rich! "Our intelligence from all parts of the Congressional district" is, that Mr. Reilly, from his inconsistent course in Congress, in supporting the Lecompton swindle, and other evil acts, cannot possibly be elected, and that the People's candidate, Mr. McPherson, will be our next Representative in Congress. Mr. Reilly's Congressional days are numbered. Mark that!

☞Let it be remembered, that John M. Read, the leader of the opposition in the present contest, signed a letter congratulating George M. Dallas upon his vote in favor of the tariff of 1846, and that he pronounced it "a law for the equal benefit of the whole people." —*Compiler.*

☞Let it be remembered, that the above is a BOLD FORGERY—that Mr. Read never signed any such letter, or any *letter at all*, to George M. Dallas! It is a story gotten up, like the "Kane letter" of 1844, to deceive the people—and the authors of it know it. It was John *K.* Read, (a leading Free Trade Democrat in Philadelphia,) who signed the letter to Mr. Dallas—not John M. Read, the People's candidate. The latter, as every intelligent politician knows, is a Protective Tariff man.

☞It appears that the Atlantic cable is in a bad way, and communications cannot be made. It is feared that two serious ruptures have occurred several miles from land, and at a bad point.

Lecompton Meeting on Monday Night.

Being curious to hear what Mr. REILLY could say in defence of his votes last winter in Congress, we went to the Court-house on Monday night, and found full one-half the meeting composed of our political friends, who were probably attracted by the same motive. We regret that every intelligent voter of the County was not present to hear Mr. Reilly's defence—such as it was. It was apologetic throughout, especially the Lecompton part of it, and fell coldly upon the meeting. He seemed as though he were in a bog, and as fast as he extricated one foot from the mire, the other was as deep, and thus he went on floundering. He seemed to be conscious of the fact that he and his party held untenable ground, and spoke with the bearing of a man who felt self-condemned, and was disposed to throw himself upon the mercy of the people.

His discussion of the Lecompton question was inconsequent and spiritless. He admitted that there were gross frauds in Kansas—that the people of a Territory ought to have the right of determining their own domestic institutions—that the Lecompton Constitution ought to have been submitted to a vote of the people—and said that if he had been in Kansas he would have voted against it. But he forgot to tell his auditors that, notwithstanding all this, he (Mr. Reilly) had gone to Washington, and voted with the Administration to *force* this same Constitution upon the people of Kansas, in the face of their repeated protestations!—Now, if Mr. Reilly really held these views—and he himself admits that he did—why did he so suddenly abandon his honest views, betray the cause of Popular Freedom, and stultify himself and his constituents by casting his vote for the infamous English project—the grossest outrage upon Republican principle ever attempted under our Government? This is the pregnant fact to which the people of this District now want a plain, honest answer. No wonder that Mr. Reilly feels solicitous upon this point. No wonder that, in the course of his speech, he so frequently alluded to the possibility of his DEFEAT!

☞Mr. Douglas, of Chambersburg, one of the orators at the Reilly meeting in the Court-house last week, said, we understand, for we did not hear his remarks, that "the Tariff was a *humbug*." True, it is in their hands a humbug—for they use it as such yearly. They go before the people with professions of friendship for the Industry of the country, and whenever they get into power, like Mr. Reilly in the Lecompton matter, show their true colors, and crush all the vital interests of the nation by their Free Trade principles and actions. Instead of protecting our own manufactures, they drain our country of gold and silver to pay foreign manufacturers, and close our furnaces and factories, instead of enabling them to flourish; and by not having a judicious Tariff, raising a revenue to support the Government, they are plunging the nation into debt, borrowing millions upon millions! This is the way they *humbug* the people, we acknowledge; but they have done so once too often—the People are opening their eyes to their true interests, and Mr. Reilly will feel it to-morrow week, when they speak out in their majesty.

Rather Inconsistent.

Mr. Reilly, in his speech on Monday night, while declining to discuss the Tariff question—to satisfy Tariff Democrats, said that, if re-elected, he would vote for a Tariff which should protect the interests of Pennsylvania; but immediately qualified it by saying that he did not wish to be misunderstood—that "he would not vote for Protection for Protection's sake," but if, in laying the duties, *incidental* Protection could be secured, he would favor it. That is precisely what Polk said in his Kane letter in 1844, and what all the Free Trade men say, when they want to *humbug* the people of Pennsylvania and get their votes. Mr. Reilly was followed by Mr. Douglas, of Chambersburg, who, not being a candidate himself, incautiously blurted out the real position of the party, and declared that "A Protective Tariff was a HUMBUG!" Mr. Douglas insisted that it was all nonsense to complain of our Gold and Silver being sent to Europe to buy French and British Goods, and maintained that if it was advantageous to the country to send out its Iron, and Coal and Flour, it must be equally advantageous to send out Gold and Silver! A profound argument that! The Democracy had better have their speakers "compare notes." This thing of talking Tariff and anti-Tariff from the same stand won't do.

Mr. Reilly on the Witness Stand.

Hon. Wilson Reilly publicly admitted in his speech in the Court-house, that the Tariff of 1857 was passed by means of fraud, and that the Eastern Free Traders had expended immense sums of money to secure its passage. Well, Mr. Reilly, where was your party when this Bill was passed, by which the Industrial Interests of Pennsylvania were crushed? How happens it that *but one solitary Democrat* in the House voted against it? Where was the Pennsylvania Democratic delegation? And why did President Buchanan sign and approve the Bill? The people want an answer to these questions.

☞There is a great deal of Democratic opposition to Henry L. Fisher in the York Congressional District, and he will probably have "a tight run."

Mr. Will and the "Extra Pay."

Our friend, MR. WILL, seems to be somewhat annoyed at his complicity with the "Extra Pay" business, and we think justly so. His record on the subject is a bad one for his party, and now, that he is a candidate for re-election, and his official acts are being scrutinized by those whose votes he claims, we are not surprised that he and his friends are somewhat sensitive to the exposure of that record.

We have no disposition to do MR. WILL injustice, and have contented ourselves with presenting the *facts*, as they appear from the official record, and correcting the glaring "mis-statements" of the *Compiler*. These facts are, that, although voting for Judge Nill's motion to strike out the provision for $200 "extra" to the "present members," he afterwards *pocketed the* $200 *Extra*, which, by his own vote, he admitted to be *wrong*, and which *Judge Nill refused to take*, because he regarded it, "like the wedge of gold which Achan took—infamous!"

Further, we charge that not only did MR. WILL take this $200 "extra pay," but that afterwards, when the Bill (containing this extra pay clause, and an additional one increasing the salary of members permanently to $700 per annum,) came up for final passage, MR. WILL made no oposition to its passage, not even calling the yeas and nays.

We had an interview with Mr. Will on Tuesday last, in which he complained that injustice is done him in holding him responsible for the passage of the $700 bill, claiming that he was not in his seat when the bill finally passed. *He does not deny that he took the extra* $200.

We have re examined the official journal, in order to satisfy ourselves of the accuracy of our statements, and now repeat them, for the benefit of our readers

On page 552 of the House Journal, when the Appropriation Bill was up, we find the vote on Judge Nill's motion as before stated. Afterwards, on the same page, we find that Mr. Calhoun, who had voted in favor of the "Extra Pay," moved an additional amendment increasing the compensation of members permanently to $700. Without acting on the amendment, the House adjourned, but next day (page 553) it was agreed to without opposition—the yeas and nays not being called. The Journal does not show whether Mr. Will was present on that occasion or not. We are willing to accept his statement that he was not, as he so tells us. The Senate and House disagreeing upon various items in the Appropriation Bill, among them this Extra Pay and $700 Salary matter, Committees of Conference were appointed.

The next we hear of it is when the Committee of Conference reported back the Appropriation Bill, with this clause:

"And that the State Treasurer is hereby authorized to pay to each member of the *present* Legislature TWO HUNDRED DOLLARS in addition to the compensation now allowed by law; and that *hereafter* each member of the General Assembly shall receive the sum of SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS per annum, in lieu of the salary now fixed by law."

When this Report came before the House, including this clause, it was "read the second time, considered, and adopted," (page 939 of Journal,) *without opposition*, the yeas and nays not even being called.—The same page of the Journal (939) shows that MR. WILL *was in his seat*, his name appearing in a list of yeas and nays on another question, immediately after the adoption of the Committee's Report.

Here, then, we have the Record, and by it MR. WILL must stand or fall. We think he acted in this matter in such a way as to deserve rebuke at the polls, and we much mistake the intelligence of Tax-payers if he is not rebuked. He went to Harrisburg knowing that the *Compiler* and his friends had denounced other persons for consenting to receive "Extra Pay." By the first vote he gave he declared it to be wrong so to do. He knew that his friend, Judge Nill, had denounced it as "infamous," and had publicly declared in his seat that "no funds of this sort should ever enter into his possession." Yet, in the face of all this, he turned round and deliberately took and appropriated to himself $200 EXTRA PAY! And then, as if not satisfied with this, he permitted the Bill permanently increasing the salary to $700, to pass without opposition—making a difference to the Tax-payers of the State of over $26,000 A YEAR!

☞Remember these facts, Taxpayers of Adams county, when you come to cast your ballots for a member of the Legislature.—Remember, too, that MR. DURBORAW, the opponent of MR. WILL, is publicly PLEDGED AGAINST EXTRA PAY of all kinds—pledged to vote for a Repeal of the $700 Salary Law! Remember these facts, and then vote as your judgments and conscience approve.

☞The Compiler has a great deal of trouble about Major Musselman and his votes. The Major not being a candidate for any office, we cannot conceive why there is just now such a "fuss" about his votes, except that our neighbor up street wishes to divert the people from the consideration of Mr. Will's pocketing the $200 extra pay; but it cannot be done, friend Compiler—the People are *talking* about that "wedge of gold that Achan took," which Judge Nill pronounced "infamous," and intend *acting* too, by sending Mr. Durboraw to the Legislature, who is *pledged* to the repeal of the $700 law.

For the Adams Sentinel.

Shall Democrats Support Mr. Will?

MR. HARPER:—Although a Democrat, and differing from you through a long series of years in political views, I have been for some years a subscriber and reader of your paper, and you may possibly be willing to allow me to say a word or two on the above subject to my Democratic friends, through your columns. I ask this favor, because I cannot expect my own party paper to publish anything against the support of Mr. WILL. My objections to voting for Mr. Will are two-fold:

1st. I cannot see that he has any claims to support from Democrats. For long years Mr. Will was actively arrayed against the Democratic party, and its principles—while I was voting for and sustaining the principles of our party, as they were represented in Jackson, Van Buren, Polk, Cass, Pierce and Buchanan, Mr. Will was voting against these principles and with the enemies of Democracy. A year or two ago he came over to us, without, so far as I know, changing his views or in any way atoning for his past political career. Indeed, I understand that he still claims to be a Whig in principle and heart, and in electioneering with old-line Whigs, denies having abandoned any of his old political views, and asserts that if the old Whig party would be re-organized he would heartily co-operate with it, even in opposition to our principles and candidates. And yet in view of these facts, no sooner is it ascertained that the Democratic party has a majority in the County, and is able to send a Democratic Representative to Harrisburg, than we are called to vote for—whom? Not a Democrat—but CHARLES WILL! And why? Certainly not because we have no Democrats in the County fit for the post—we have plenty of men in our ranks, who have seen hard service, and done active duty in the party, fully as intelligent and capable as Mr. WILL. Last fall we objected to this unjust arrangement, but we were told that it was "policy" to nominate Mr Will, for special reasons. I and many of my neighbors reluctantly acquiesced, and agreed to vote for him, hoping that it would be the last time we would be called on to do so. Others refused to vote for him, as the returns of last October elections show. But in the face of this, and in spite of the remonstrances of numerous active Democrats, he is forced on the ticket again, and we are again called on to vote for him. *I cannot do it, and will not.* I cannot, because he has no claims as a Democrat, and because his nomination is an act of gross injustice to the party, in thrusting aside Democrats of long standing, whose fidelity to principle has been vindicated by long and active service.

2d. I object to voting for Mr. Will for another reason. Last fall we objected to Mr. MUSSELMAN, because he consented to receive the "$200 extra pay" voted by the Legislature of which he was a member.—In the *Compiler*, and at our meetings, this objection was openly made. In voting for Mr. WILL we certainly had a right to expect that he would resist anything of the kind. And yet Mr. WILL turned round and took $200 extra pay himself, in the face of what he knew were the views of the Democratic party of the County! Can he expect Democrats now to vote for him? I say not; and so, it will be found, say others beside me.

In thus avowing my determination not to vote for Mr. Will, I think I have given good reasons. I may be denounced as one of the "weak-minded Democrats," but I cannot sacrifice my sense of duty, nor do violence to my long cherished Democratic principles. A DEMOCRAT.

The 17th Congressional District.

THE CANVASS IN FRANKLIN COUNTY,

THE PEOPLE AROUSED!—TREMENDOUS MEETINGS!

The "Green Spot" for M'Pherson by 400!

Correspondence of the "Adams Sentinel."

CHAMBERSBURG, Sept. 30, 1858.

Mr. Editor:—I suppose the great mass of your people are not aware of the intense feeling in this county on the subject of the Congressional election, and the glorious prospects for McPherson's success; and with the hope that it may induce a similar feeling among the good people of Old Adams, if that feeling does not already exist, I have determined to give you a brief account of the manner in which the People's candidate for Congress has been received here, and the enthusiasm which greets his appearance at every point in the county. Never before in the history of political warfare in this county, has there been such an earnest and determined effort made to stop the encroachments of power upon the rights and liberties of the citizens, as is now being made here; and all that the people of Franklin county now ask is, that a like effort shall be made in the other counties of the District—AND SUCCESS IS CERTAIN! This is no braggadocia, Mr. Editor, but the plain, unvarnished truth. If the other counties composing the 17th Congressional District of Pennsylvania do but one third as well as Franklin, comparatively, there will not be so much as a grease-spot left of Lecompton after the second Tuesday of October; Edward McPherson will be elected by over 400 majority.

It would be in vain for me to attempt to give you anything like a correct idea of the enthusiasm which everywhere greets "little Neddy McPherson," as the Lecompton organ here ironically called him. The people of Franklin thank the organ for that word, and it would do your heart good to witness the great outbursts of feeling for "little Neddy," whenever that gentleman rises to address an audience of our citizens. Every day develops some new desertion from Mr. Reilly, and confirms us in the belief that Mr McPherson's majority cannot fall below 400. I could tell the names of a large number of Democrats in the North Ward of this borough who will vote against Mr. Reilly, and this is one of the places Mr. R. principally relies upon for a heavy vote.—Rest assured, that, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Reilly's friends have, day after day, importuned and button-holed the citizens of Chambersburg, Mr. Reilly will not run TWELVE votes ahead of his ticket in this borough, *whilst in every other district in the County there are members of his own party who are openly and steadily opposing him!* I repeat, there is not a district in Franklin county in which one or more members of the Democratic party are not only opposing Mr. Reilly, but supporting Mr. McPherson with a determination and enthusiasm which renders defeat to us impossible.

The canvass has been conducted in the best manner. Mr. McPherson and Col. A. R. McClure have been addressing the people at different points; and the large numbers which attend these meetings, as well as the spirit which actuates the people, remind one strongly of the Campaign of '40. We have never, since that time, had such tremendous outpourings of the people. As an evidence of the feeling here for your fellow-citizen of Adams, Mr. McPherson, let me state what occurred at Fayetteville on the evening of the 24th inst. Delegations from all the country around had come to the meeting in wagons decorated with flags, and carrying banners: the employees at the Caledonia Iron Works, (about four miles distant,) numbering nearly 100 men, were present with torches, and the windows opposite and around the speaker's stand were filled with the beautiful faces of the gentler sex. When Mr. McPherson got up to speak, cheer upon cheer rent the air, and the ladies showered upon him a number of beautiful wreaths, and bouquets. I never witnessed such enthusiasm since the times of Harry Clay. The meeting at Waynesboro' was the largest which has ever been held there; the Town Hall not being sufficiently capacious the meeting had to adjourn to the street; and the meetings at Greencastle, Mercersburg, and St. Thomas are without precedent, in enthusiasm and numbers. The Democratic Meetings, on the contrary, are spiritless and flat. The People's Meeting here on last Saturday evening was, undoubtedly, the largest and most enthusiastic political gathering which ever met here. All the aisles leading to the large room in which the meeting was held, were crowded, and the entrance of Mr. McPherson, in company with Col McClure, was the signal for repeated cheers.

Mr. McPherson, as you know, never before the present campaign made a political speech; and the manner in which he has conducted himself in this respect whilst in this county, is surprising to all. Col. McClure accompanies him in all his travels; the Colonel is a candidate for re-election to the Legislature, and, by-the-bye, I may as well say to his numerous friends in Adams, the Colonel's election is certain. There could not have been selected a stronger team than Ed. McPherson and Col. McClure, and they have been dealing their blows hot and heavy. Our friends through the county are aroused, and every one of them is personally exerting himself for the triumph of the ticket.

The great principle of Protection to American Industry comes home to the highest interests of our people; and the iron-masters and workmen are everywhere giving in their adhesion and support to the man whose whole life has been spent in the advocacy of that principle. Mr. Reilly pretends to be in favor of Protection, though during the whole session of the last Congress, he never opened his lips in support of any measures having that object in view. The *Valley Spirit*, Mr. Reilly's organ, says that the Tariff is a "*rotten, worn-out plank*," and fit only for an "*electioneering humbug.*" But the people think differently from the *Spirit*. Mr. Reilly's best friends here are disgusted with his course on the Lecompton question. After having gone to Washington pledged against Lecompton, then dodging the question, and then coming out in favor of the English bill, he has the effrontery to tell the people of Franklin county that he is now *against* that measure itself, and that, if elected to Congress, he will pay no regard to a law which he aided in passing. This is too much for our people; and the Second Tuesday of October will show Mr. Reilly that the people are determined to elect no man to represent them at Washington who will not, when he gets there, take a manly position, and maintain that position in spite of Executive threats or entreaties.

Such are the feelings of the people of Franklin county, and they mean to have those feelings respected. We are at work here to a man; and we want our brethren in Adams to go to work also. Our news from Juniata is very encouraging, and though we concede to Mr. Reilly a small majority in the counties of Fulton and Bedford, we cannot conceive how Mr. McPherson can be beaten if our friends in Adams do their duty. Rely upon it, Franklin county will do more than her duty, or at least more than her share of the work.—Let us give a long pull, a strong pull, and a pull altogether; let us work like men who are fighting in a noble cause; and on the morning of the 13th of October we will wake up to hear the gratifying intelligence that the 17th Congressional District of Pennsylvania has been redeemed, and a death-blow given to the Lecompton, Free Trade policy of the Buchanan Administration.

The *women* of Franklin county are also alive to the importance of this contest; they attend our meetings, and "little Neddy McPherson" has the earnest sympathies of them all. They are doing all they can for him, and I know their efforts have been attended with considerable success. In fact, all classes and conditions are actuated by a common desire to deal a blow which will be felt by the present National Administration—*and that blow will be given!*—Let the People of Adams county know that McPherson will carry Franklin county by 400 majority; and tell them, also, that we of the "Green Spot" expect to hear good news from Adams. The eyes of the people of the rest of the District are upon Adams—let us not be deceived; but *do your duty!*

Your's, &c. FRANKLIN.

Which is Telling the Truth?

MR. REILLY is now declaring himself a Protective Tariff man in all his speeches, and he makes personal appeals to Tariff men to support him, assuring them that he is sound on the great question of protecting Pennsylvania Industry and Interests. The *Spirit*, MR. REILLY's organ, in noticing the able speech of MR. MCPHERSON in this place, in support of the Tariff, says:

'The first was the Tariff, *a rotten, worn-out plank, but good enough to stand on as an electioneering humbug!*'

MR. REILLY pledged himself to support the Tariff—the *Spirit*, his organ, says that the Tariff is 'a rotten, worn out plank,' and an 'electioneering humbug!' Let the friends of our languishing Industry beware! They have been deceived and betrayed heretofore. Forewarned, forearmed.—*Repos.*

☞Our intelligence from Franklin county is of a very cheering character.—Mr. McPherson, by his able speeches, has made a great impression upon the masses, and they have become enthusiastic in his support. Mr. Reilly is daily losing ground, and there is no doubt that our candidate will have several hundred of a majority.—We ask attention to a letter in another column, from a gentleman of Chambersburg, which gives a flattering account of the prospects there. Let ADAMS but do her duty, and all will be well. It is worth an effort, to put down the Lecompton swindle, and check the extravagance of an Administration which is borrowing millions upon millions of the People's money to feed their favorites, and crushing the Industry of the country by their Free Trade policy. To the polls then, to-morrow week, friends of the country—let not a vote be lost for Mr. McPherson. He is worthy of your votes, independent of the great principles he advocates.

Meeting at Chambersburg.

On Saturday evening the 25th, a People's Meeting was held in the Court House in Chambersburg, and we are sorry that a larger room had not been procured for that occasion, as many left, owing to their inability to obtain an entrance, so densely crowded was the Court Hall, and it is capable of comfortably seating we suppose some 400 persons, and the several aisles will afford standing room for 200 more. Every nook and corner was occupied—certainly not less than 600 people were in attendance.—The meeting was presided over by Judge J. L. Black, and when fully organized, Mr. McPherson was introduced, who was received amid thunders of applause. He addressed the large concourse in a most pointed, effective and eloquent manner for more than an hour, and many of the terse sentiments, fine points, logical arguments and palpable hits, with which his address abounded, were received with the most uproarious applause. Mr. McPherson, in his public efforts, most agreeably disappoints the friends of Constitutional Reform, and wherever he goes he makes hosts of friends. Huzza for ED. MCPHERSON, the gentleman, the orator, the scholar!—the People's Representative of the Seventeenth Congressional District, in the next Congress.—*Repos.*

Tremendous Rally at Fayetteville.

The meeting of the opponents of Free Trade and Lecomptonism at Fayetteville, on last Friday night, was the largest and most enthusiastic political gathering which has met there for the past twenty years. The large space in front of Brown's Hotel was literally packed with human forms, as were also the porch and several large wagons standing near; whilst at the windows of the houses opposite and around, the beautiful face of woman was seen, adding peculiar interest to the occasion. A few minutes before the hour for organizing the meeting, a cry was raised by those in the street, 'The Caledonia Boys are coming,' and on casting our eyes up the street, we beheld a long line of torches, and in a few minutes more, between 80 and 90 brawny men headed by the Fayetteville Band, wheeled into the space before the Speakers' stand, and then such mighty cheers went up as made the very welkin ring. A delegation from Scotland, in a large wagon decorated with flags, &c. was also present. The immense meeting was organized by the selection of John Downey as President; David Markley and George Burns, Vice Presidents; and H. C. Greenewalt, Secretary. Loud calls being made for MR. MCPHERSON, that gentleman made his appearance amidst cheers, and a shower of beautiful bouquets—the latter coming from the Fayetteville Ladies.

MR. MCPHERSON said he felt gratified that, though he appeared among them a stranger, the great principles which he advocated had drawn such an immense crowd of his fellow-citizens together. He proceeded to argue the three great questions now before the American people—Protection to American Labor, the Kansas Policy of the Administration, and the necessity of reform in the National Expenditures. On each and all of these questions, MR. MCPHERSON's remarks were pointed and conclusive. Though Mr. McP. spoke of Mr. REILLY himself, his competitor, in a friendly manner, his review of that gentleman's course in Congress was of the most searching character. He referred to the crooked course of that gentleman on the Kansas question, and said that as he had aided in the passage of the notorious English bill, he should not now disown his own bantling. Mr. Buchanan had made strict adherence to the provision of the English bill, which refused admission to Kansas until she had a population of 93,000, *a test of Democracy*; he had so declared to prominent Democrats, his most intimate friends; and who knows but that Mr. Reilly's intentions now might experience another change under Executive influence. Mr. Reilly had gone to Washington pledged against Lecompton; then became neutral, and dodged the question, and then he came out for it.

What security have we that even if Mr. Reilly is pledged to Protection, that he will maintain that position under the threats or entreaties of the National Executive, and the power of the Southern Slave Oligarchy?

Mr. McPherson referred to the expenses of the National Government, which had increased to an enormous extent. On this point, the Speaker produced the official documents, and showed that the expenses of the government, during the second year of President Buchanan's Administration, was 40,000,000 more than during the same year of Mr. Pierce's term. It is impossible to do justice, in our present limits, to Mr. McPherson's able speech. At the close of his remarks, Mr. McPherson was enthusiastically cheered.

Col. McClure and C. Eyster, Esq. of Allegheny county, also addressed the large assemblage in a very able manner.

The meeting adjourned in the best of feeling, the vast crowd sending up cheer after cheer for 'McPherson, McClure and the whole ticket.' Our friends in Fayetteville say they will do some glorious work on the 12th of October, and we know they will.—*Repos.*

☞Mr. Grudler's extensive flour mill, near Richmond, was totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning last—loss $25,000.

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Meetings in the County.

Let the people go out to the Meetings in the various sections of the County, called by the County Committee, and which will be found in an appropriate place in this paper. Let these Meetings be well attended, and let the people hear and understand the issues now brought before them. Our candidate for Congress will be present at all of them to expound the principles of the People's Party, and lay bare to the bone the corruptions of the National Administration, and expose the deeds of that iniquitous dynasty. Let the people hear and understand, and then go to the ballot box tomorrow week, and do their duty as men, having the welfare of the country at heart, as well as their dearest interests. GO TO THE MEETINGS!

☞We are requested by Messrs. Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz, to say that they are prepared to furnish their customers, good COAL, in any quantity, until the completion of the Railroad, which will be about the first of November, when they expect to be able to sell it at such prices as will compel all who consult economy, to use it instead of wood. They expect to be able to sell the best *Shamokin Coal* at $5.50—nut coal at $5.00.

They are compelled, however, to adopt the *Cash system*, which is observed everywhere else; and they will not vary from it in any instance.

New Goods.

Messrs. J. L. SCHICK and R. F. M'ILHENY have just opened a large lot of New Goods—the former Dry and Fancy Goods—the latter Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes &c. Call and see them. The advertisements will appear next week.

Sales of Property.

The Farm of the late Henry Eichinger, dec'd, in Butler township, was sold on the 11th ult., by Burkhart Wert, Administrator, at $43 per acre—Michael Bare purchaser. Two mountain lots belonging to the same estate were also sold—Leonard Heil purchasing the one, at $34 20 per acre, and William and Henry Long the other, at $15 16 per acre.

The Tavern property in Hampton (belonging to John Knop's estate,) was recently sold at public sale for $2012 75—Solomon Chronister purchaser. Building lots in that place are now bringing about $150.

The Farm of Jacob Wolf, deceased, in Tyrone township, has been sold by the Administrators, Messrs. Samuel Wiest and Samuel Wolf—price $37 75 per acre.—Peter Miller purchaser.

Two Gettysburg town lots, belonging to the estate of James Majors, deceased, were sold a few days ago—Waybright Ziegler purchasing the one of five acres at $61 per acre, and H. J. Stable the other, of four acres, at $63 per acre.

☞The editor of this paper never charged Major Musselman with voting for the "extra pay" to members.—*Compiler.*

☞No—but you denounced him bitterly notwithstanding. It follows either that your professions of abhorrence of "Extra Pay" last year were insincere, or your present defence of Mr. WILL is dishonest.—Which is it?

"Orthodox."

☞Charles Will voted against "extra pay" last winter, and, if elected, he will do so again.—*Compiler.*

☞Yes—he voted against, and *afterwards took* $200 *Extra Pay!* Are we to understand that "if elected, he will do so again?"

☞Samuel Durboraw is "pledged" to *vote* against "extra pay." He is very careful, however, not to pledge himself *not to take it!*—*Compiler.*

Wrong again, neighbor. Mr. Durboraw, in his letter, not only pledges himself to vote *against* "Extra Pay," but says that "under no circumstances" could he countenance it.

"A Scene not in the Bills"

The Lecompton meeting on Monday night broke up rather unexpectedly, as we are advised. Messrs. Reilly and Douglas having delivered themselves, it was understood that our friend of the Compiler and Jesse D. Newman, of Mountjoy, were to follow. But as soon as Mr. Douglas took his seat, the calls for the latter were intermingled with cries of "Krickser!" "Bough!" &c. We believe that both the latter gentlemen got the floor at the same moment, in advance of the regular performers, and insisted upon delivering their sentiments. But Mr. B. got no further than 'Ich bin ein goote Democrat!" when a motion for adjournment was put and carried, and the meeting broke up in most commendable confusion. Such is the version of the story, as reported to us. We hope our good Mountjoy friend will have better luck next time.

Venus Visible in the Daytime.—Astronomical novelties abound just at present.—Besides the three comets, two of them telescopic, now flashing through the sky, a daylight view may be had, with a good pair of eyes, of the planet Venus, the evening star, now at the height of her brilliancy. Her position is southerly, about 30° from the sun, and as many from the horizon at a rough calculation.

Centennial Celebration.—The members of the Moravian Church at Gracebam, in Frederick county, Md., intend holding a jubilee on the 8th of October, in commemoration of the one hundredth anniversary of the organization of the church in that place.

TREMENDOUS MEETING!

On Saturday evening, the first meeting of the People for the season was held in Gettysburg, and such a meeting as it was—it reminded us of the large and enthusiastic gatherings of '40 and '44. We have rarely seen such an assemblage convened with but a simple announcement of a day or two.

It was at once discovered that the Court-house was insufficient to hold but a mere portion of the people, and a stand was hastily erected in the north west corner of the Square, and a meeting was organized by the appointment of HENRY LOTT as President; David Schriver, Ephraim Martin, Abraham Taney, George B. Stover, Henry Monfort, Abraham Reever, James McAllister, Wm. Douglass, John Picking, Adam Doersom, and Joseph Bayly, as Vice Presidents; and Wm. Weible, James Gallaher, John Sheads, James Rouzer, and David Beams, as Secretaries.

Our young and talented candidate for Congress, EDWARD MCPHERSON, was then introduced, and addressed the large assemblage in a manner and power which filled every one with surprise, who had never heard him on the stump. His volume of voice, readiness and elegance of delivery, added to the full array of searching and crushing facts, which he exposed to the public ear, were as gratifying to his friends, as they were terrible to his enemies. But one opinion was entertained by all, that he was just the man to carry the standard of the People at this important crisis—and fully did he exhibit his powers as a bold and fearless leader His manner and his talent have struck terror into the advocates of Mr. Reilly.

We need not say that he was most enthusiastically cheered.

D. A. Buehler, Esq., made a few very forcible remarks also. The Chambersburg Band, which was here on a pleasure excursion, discoursed some splendid music in the Square, after Mr. M'Pherson'saddress, and at the close of the meeting.

We have neither time nor room this morning for a more extended notice.

Freemen of Adams!

Be very careful whom you send to represent you in Congress. Issues far greater than have yet been decided depend upon the action of the members of the next Congress. Each member will have a potent voice for good or evil in the struggle that will ensue upon the next application of Kansas to be received into the Union as a free and independent State.

Besides, the Government is in a bankrupt state, through the reckless extravagance of Mr. Buchanan's administration, and forced to resort to borrowing millions upon millions of dollars to feed favorites. This matter must be looked into by the People, and no such men as Mr. Reilly suffered to go there again and continue the plundering system, and plunge the country into a deeper debt. It is time there should be a Reform there—and we have now a man who can do it—our young, talented candidate, Edward McPherson, who, by his energy and industry, is just the man for the times—fearless and searching. Let the people think of these things! Let not a vote be lost!

Married,

On the 30th ult., by the Rev. Jacob Ziegler, Mr. MANOAH CARBAUGH, to Miss SUSANNAH C. BIESECKER—both of Franklin township.

Last week, by Rev. Mr. Keiser, Mr. JOHN ECKER, to Miss POLLY LITTLE—both of this place.

At the Ger. Ref. Parsonage, Taneytown, on the 31st Aug., by the Rev. John G. Fritchey, Mr. HENRY HEINER, to Miss AUGUSTA GUMER—both of Adams county.

On the 7th ult., by the Rev. A. Tripner, Mr. LUCAS BAUMER, to Miss SARAH E. CASHMAN—both of Adams county.

Died,

On the 14th ult., Mrs. SARAH MARTIN, wife of Mr. David Martin, of Liberty township, aged 35 years 11 months and 10 days.

On the 29th ult., at New Orleans, of yellow fever, Mr. THEODORE BOYD, formerly of this place.

On the 25th ult., at Petersburg, (Y. S.) Mr. PETER D. LITTLE, in the 32d year of his age.

THE PEOPLE MOVING!

AROUSE, FREEMEN—AROUSE!

PUBLIC MEETINGS!

THE Citizens of Adams County, who are opposed to the LECOMPTON SWINDLE, and in favor of Popular Freedom; who desire to see the Industrial Interests of the Country properly cared for and protected; WHO ARE OPPOSED TO THE RECKLESS EXTRAVAGANCE OF THE NATIONAL ADMINISTRATION; and who desire to see ECONOMY and CORRECT PRINCIPLES introduced into the National State and Local Administrations: are invited to attend the PUBLIC MEETINGS, which will be held at the following times and places, at which the issues involved in the present Campaign will be fully and fairly discussed:

Heidlersburg, on Monday Evening, Oct. 4, at the House of Allen M. Cook;

Bendersville, on Tuesday Evening, Oct. 5, at the House of Charles Myers;

Cashtown, on Wednesday Evening, Oct. 6, at the House of Henry Mickly;

Fairfield, on Thursday Evening, Oct. 7, at the House of Peter Shively;

Reading township, on Friday Evening, Oct. 8, at the House of Jos. Kunkle, on the Road leading from Petersburg to East Berlin;

Littlestown, on Saturday Evening, Oct. 9, at the House of Joseph Barker.

☞The meetings will commence at early candle-light, and will be addressed by

EDWARD M'PHERSON,

D. A. BUEHLER, WM. B. M'CLELLAN, R. G. M'CREARY, DAVID M'CONAUGHY, DAVID WILLS, and others.

☞All parties are respectfully invited to attend.

By order of the People's County Committee.

Oct. 4.—tm. CHAS. HORNER, *Ch'n.*

☞*Specie Still Going!*—The steamer Persia, which sailed from New York for Liverpool on Wednesday, took out $653,436 in specie, to pay for foreign manufactures.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE—Friday last.	
Flour,	$5 44 to 5 50
Wheat,	1 20 to 1 35
Rye,	75 to 85
Corn,	81 to 85
Oats,	45 to 47
Cloverseed,	5 50 to 5 75
Timothyseed,	2 00 to 2 25
Beef Cattle,	5 00 to 7 00
Hay, (in bundles,)	12 00 to 13 00
Do. (loose,)	9 00 to 11 00

YORK—Friday last.	
Flour, per bbl., from wagons,	5 00
Wheat, per bushel,	1 10@1 25
Rye, "	75
Corn, "	77
Oats, "	42
Clover Seed,	5 00
Timothy Seed,	2 00
Plaster Paris, per ton,	8 50

HANOVER—Thursday last.	
Flour, (from Wagons,)	$5 25
Wheat, per bushel,	1 20@1 25
Rye,	73
Corn,	77
Oats,	40
Buckwheat,	45
Timothy Seed,	2 25
Clover Seed,	5 00

Fall Millinery.

MISS M'CREARY will open a large assortment of FALL AND WINTER BONNETS, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 7th, 8th and 9th inst; and invites the Ladies to call at that time and examine her assortment.

Oct. 4.

EXCURSION TRIP

To York County Agricultural Fair.

THE Gettysburg Railroad Company will issue Excursion Tickets to persons wishing to go to the York county Agricultural Fair, to be held on Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week. Round trip over their road half the usual fare. Trip from Goulden's Station to York, and return, $1.50

Oct. 4—1t. R. McCURDY, *Pres't.*

Chas. R. Doran, M. D.

OFFICE Baltimore street, one door south of the Presbyterian Church, and opposite David McCreary's saddlery establishment.

Oct. 4. 6m

The Price Reduced!

THE subscribers, in closing their business, offer for sale,

75,000 *Chestnut Shingles,* } At $5 per
50,000 *Flour Bbl. Staves,* } thousand
10,000 *Tight Bbl. Staves.*

PAXTON & BLYTHE,
Oct. 4. Fairfield, Pa.

POSITIVE SALE OF

HOUSE & LOTS.

Now is the time to secure a first-rate Business Location and Dwelling House.

W. W. PAXTON having removed from Gettysburg, will offer his HOUSE & LOT, situated in Chambersburg street, between the Law Office of D. M'Conaughy, Esq. and the Store of Messrs. Bringman & Culp, at Public Sale, on the premises, on MONDAY THE 18TH DAY OF OCT. INST., at 1 o'clock, P. M.,—which Sale will be positive. The property will be struck off to the highest and best bidder, without reserve.

The HOUSE is BRICK, TWO STORIES, with an ATTIC, finished to the roof—a two-story Brick Back Building, with a large Cistern, Smoke-house and Ash-house, and every convenience, also a Stable and Shed, and a good Garden.

☞There will be offered at the same time an

Out Lot of 8 Acres,

situated near Penn'a College, at the upper end of the alley passing out from Washington street.

ALSO, at the same time and place,

THOMAS J COOPER will offer at Public Sale, an OUT LOT adjoining the above, and along side of the Rail Road, containing

ABOUT 4½ ACRES,

under a high state of cultivation.

These Lots lay immediately below the Ridge, and adjoin the Woodland of Edward M'Pherson, Esq., and are very desirable for grass or pasture.

Terms made known on day of sale.

W. W. PAXTON.
Oct. 4. ts

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

IN pursuance of an Order of the Orphans' Court of Adams county, the undersigned, Executors of the last will and testament of WM. VANORSDAL, dec'd, will expose to Public Sale, on the premises, the following Real Estate of said dec'd, to wit:

On Thursday the 28th day of Oct., inst.,

A Lot of Ground,

situate in Straban township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Levi Oslorn, Jacob Haverstick, John Bowman and others, containing

FIVE ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

There is an ORCHARD on the lot, and a spring of water. The land is in a good state of cultivation, and admirably suited for a residence.—ALSO,

A TRACT OF LAND,

containing SEVENTEEN ACRES, more or less, adjoining the above, in excellent cultivation; about 6 Acres of fine Meadow. There is a first-rate spring on the tract; also, a variety of Apple and Cherry Trees, and Grapes.

ALSO,

On Saturday the 30th day of Oct., inst.,

The Undivided Moiety or half part of a tract of

MOUNTAIN LAND,

situate in Menallen township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Moses Raffensperger and others, containing 17 ACRES and 11 PERCHES, more or less.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on each day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

MARY VANORSDAL,
GEORGE THOMAS,
EXECUTORS.

By the Court—H. G. WOLF, Clerk.
Oct. 4. ts

TO THE LADIES.

GEORGE ARNOLD has again replenished his stock of

Ladies' Dress & Fancy Goods.

He has now on hand the largest and prettiest Stock of Dress Goods in town, the styles are very handsome and prices low, among which is a beautiful selection of

LADIES' CLOTH CLOAKS, CAPES, MANTLES, and SHAWLS, a beautiful article, in great variety.

Children's Dress Goods, very handsome. In a word, we have from a needle to an anchor, topping off with a little of the Crinoline. CALL AND SEE US.

Oct. 4. tf

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber, desirous of retiring from farming, offers at Private Sale, his

FARM,

situate in Cumberland township, Adams county, on Rock-creek, adjoining lands of Henry Lott, Dr. J. Runkle, James Rider and others, containing about

78 Acres, more or less.

There is a fair proportion of Woodland, and the property is in a good state of cultivation. The improvements are a 1½ story Frame

WEATHER BOARDED HOUSE, good FRAME BARN, weather-boarded, with Sheds, and other Out-buildings; a good Young Apple Orchard, and about 50 bearing Peach-trees. There are two springs of water.

The terms will be made known on application to the subscriber.

Oct. 4.—ts JAMES BLACK.

☞If not sold before the 1st of November, it will then be offered for Rent.

SMALL FARM FOR SALE.

THE subscriber offers at Private Sale, A FARM, containing 40 ACRES and 8 Perches, neat; of a copper-stone soil; more than 30 Acres of which are cleared, and in a good state of cultivation. The remainder is timbered, principally, with thriving young Chesnut. The buildings are a good TWO-

STORY FRAME HOUSE, plastered; sufficiently commodious for the accommodation of any ordinary family; with Porch and Balcony, and a Cellar under the whole house; a good BANK BARN, with Wagon shed, Corn crib, Cooper-shop, Dry-house, &c.

There is thereon a thriving young APPLE ORCHARD of grafted Fruit. Also, a Peach Orchard, and a number of choice grafted Cherry trees, &c., &c.

Said Farm is pleasantly situated in Menallen township, Adams county, in the neighborhood of Wenk's School-house—an intelligent and enterprising neighborhood.

☞Persons wishing to view the above property, can do so by calling on Mr. Wm. Funt, residing thereon, or on the subscriber.

For terms of sale, see the subscriber, near Whitestown, Huntington township.

Oct. 4.—3t J. D. SOURS.

"STOVES! STOVES!!

Sheads, Buehler & Kurtz

HAVE just received a large supply of new and beautiful PARLOR, SALOON and SHOP STOVES—of the latest and most approved styles.

—ALSO—

All the latest styles of Cook Stoves, embracing the "Noble Cook," Royal Cook," "Wm. Penn," "Lea Shell," "Morning Star," "Philadelphia Sunrise," "Fredonia," (Baltimore Air Tight, improved), "Jewell" and "Charm"—all for wood and coal.

☞Call at the Ware Room in West Middle street, two doors west of the New Court House.

Oct. 4. tf

READY MADE CLOTHING.

IF you want the cheapest and best Ready Made Clothing in Town, call and see

George Arnold.

We make our own Clothing, have hands constantly employed cutting out and making up. Our stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts, Coatings, Vesting, &c, is large and full. Call and see us, and if we cannot fit you in a garment ready-made, we will take your measure, and make you up a garment just as you may desire to have it made, on the shortest notice. Mr CULP is always on hand at the Clothing Emporium, bright polite, and always ready to wait upon friends that call. Try him, prove him, and see if there be any error in him.

Oct. 4. tf

House & Lot for Sale.

THE subscriber offers, at Private Sale, his HOUSE and LOT, fronting on South Baltimore street, immediately opposite Winebrenner's Tanyard.

☞If not sold before *Saturday the 16th of October next*, it will be offered at Public Sale, at 1 o'clock of that day.

JOHN A. SWOPE.
Sept. 13. ts

VALUABLE TIMBER-LAND

FOR SALE.

THE subscriber has still for sale, a few valuable LOTS of LOCUST and CHESTNUT TIMBER-LAND.

July 26. J. D. PAXTON.

Gettysburg Female Seminary.

THE Winter session of this Institution will commence on the *Second Monday of October* (October the 11th.)

For particulars inquire at the residence of Rev. D. Eyster, Baltimore Street, Gettysburg.

Gettysburg, Sept. 20. 4t

Notice to Assessors.

THE Assessors elected at the last Spring Election, are hereby notified to attend at the Commissioners' Office, in the Borough of Gettysburg, to receive Blank Assessment Duplicates, and the necessary instructions, as follows:—The Assessors of Union, Conowago, Berwick and Berwick Borough, Oxford, Hamilton, Reading, Mountpleasant, Germany, Straban and Mountjoy, will attend on *Wednesday the 20th of Oct. next*, and the Assessors for the Borough, Cumberland, Freedom, Liberty, Hamiltonban, Franklin, Butler, Menallen, Tyrone, Huntington and Latimore, will attend on *Tuesday the 21st of Oct. next.* By order of the Commissioners,

J. M. WALTER, CLERK.
Sept. 27. td

Dissolution of Partnership.

THE Co-partnership existing between the subscribers has been dissolved this day by mutual consent. We are much obliged to our friends and the public for the liberal support extended to us. Our books are placed in the hands of Dunlop Paxton for collection, and we earnestly request those indebted to us to call and make immediate payment, as we desire to settle the business of the Firm without delay. DUNLOP PAXTON,

R. F. McILHENY.
Gettysburg, Sept. 23, 1858.

A CARD.

THE subscriber having disposed of his interest in the Store of PAXTON & McILHENY to R. F. McILHENY, respectfully asks the continuance of his friends and customers to patronize his successor, R. F. McIlheny. DUNLOP PAXTON.

Sept. 27. tf

Hats, Caps, Boots & Shoes.

NOW FOR BARGAINS!—The subscriber having commenced business on his own book at the well known stand of PAXTON & M'ILHENY, at the S. E. Corner of Centre Square, respectfully announces to the citizens of Gettysburg, and the public generally, that he will constantly keep on hand a good stock of Goods in his line, and will sell cheap for Cash. He intends to give his constant attention to business, with a disposition to please the particular tastes of every one who may favor him with their patronage.

Sept. 27. R. F. M'ILHENY.

2,000 PIECES of WALL PAPER just received and for sale at
April 12.] M'ILHENY'S.

PUBLIC SALE.

IN pursuance of Orders of the Orphans' Courts of Adams and York counties, the Subscriber, Administrator of the Estate of GEORGE KOCH, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, at the late residence of the said deceased, in Latimore township, Adams county, Adams county, Pa.,

On Wednesday the 20th of October next,

the three following TRACTS or PIECES of PATENTED LAND, viz.

No. 1. The Mansion Tract,

on which is erected a good two-story LOG DWELLING-HOUSE, and Kitchen, Log Barn, and other Out Buildings, with excellent water, also a thriving Orchard of choice Fruit trees, adjoining lands of Joseph Fluhr, Samuel Burkholder and others, containing 37 ACRES and 132 PERCHES, neat measure.

No. 2. A Tract of Timber land,

situate in the same township, adjoining lands of Wm. Leas, Jacob Stitzel and others, containing 9 ACRES and 45 PERCHES, neat measure.

No. 3. A Tract of Timber land,

situate in Franklin township, York county, adjoining lands of John Ernst and others, containing 10 ACRES and 21 PERCHES, neat measure.

Persons wishing to view the property, are requested to call on the undersigned, residing near Petersburg, York Springs.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., of said day, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

GEO. ROBINETTE, ADM'R.
Sept. 27. ts

☞If said property is not sold, it will be Rented on said day, at public outcry, for one year from the 1st day of April next.

☞York Rep. 3t., mark cost, and charge this Office

LARGE SALE OF VALUABLE

PERSONAL PROPERTY.

On Thursday and Friday the 14th and 15th days of October next,

I intend to sell at Public Sale, at my residence, in Reading township, known as "Round Hill," a large amount of valuable Personal Property, consisting of HORSES, COWS, HOGS, FARMING UTENSILS of all kinds, Household and Kitchen Furniture, Hay, Corn and Oats, Lumber, Bacon, &c.—Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., and to continue until all is sold.

☞I offer at Private Sale three Tracts of Land—No. 1, containing 42 ACRES, in Huntington and Reading townships, with improvements. No 2, containing 18 ACRES, in Reading township, with improvements.—No. 3, containing 40 ACRES of Mountain Land in Cumberland county, near the Adams county line. For particulars see large Bills.

☞If these tracts be not sold before the 14th of October they may be offered at Public Sale on that day.

JAMES TOWNSEND.
Sept. 27. ts

DESIRABLE FARMS

AT PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscribers, Executors of the last will and testament of BALTZER GUINTER, deceased, will offer at Public Sale, on the premises,

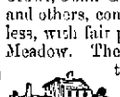
On Saturday, the 16th day of October next,

the following valuable Real Estate of said decedent, viz:

THE HOME FARM,

situate in Menallen township, Adams county, one mile north of Arendtsville, adjoining lands of T. T. Wierman, Esq., Solomon Hartman, Henry Orner, and others, containing 174 ACRES, MORE OR LESS, about 74 acres being Woodland, with a due proportion of Meadow. The improvements are a one and a half story Log

DWELLING-HOUSE, DOUBLE LOG BARN, Wagon Shed, Spring House, and other out-buildings; a never-failing spring near the door, and a stream of water through the farm, the fields all being watered but two. There is an Apple Orchard on the premises. Also, A FARM, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, adjoining lands of Michael Crowl, John Gminter, Moses Raffensperger, and others, containing 95 ACRES, more or less, with fair proportions of Woodland and Meadow. The improvements consist of a two-story

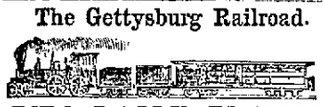


LOG HOUSE, Log Barn, with Sheds, Corn crib, an Apple Orchard, with a spring of water in the cellar of the dwelling. ☞Persons wishing to view the Farms will call on the premises.

☞Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M., on the Home Place, when attendance will be given, and terms made known by

JEREMIAH SLAYBAUGH,
JACOB SANDOE,
Sept. 20.—ts] *Executors.*

The Gettysburg Railroad.



TWO DAILY TRAINS.

UNTIL further notice, the morning train of cars will leave "Goulden's Station," at 7½ o'clock, A. M., with passengers for Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c., and return with passengers from those places at noon. The afternoon train will leave there at 1.15 P. M., with passengers for Baltimore, &c., returning with passengers from Harrisburg, York, Phila., &c., about 6 P. M.

☞Merchandize, Produce, &c., transported over the Road as far as Goulden's Station.

ROBERT McCURDY, *Pres't.*
Sept. 20. tf

RAILROAD BONDS.

A RARE CHANCE FOR INVESTMENT.

THE Gettysburg Railroad is nearly completed, and the Company have still a few more Bonds to sell. These Bonds are secured by a mortgage on the whole length of the road, the Buildings and all its property, including the unfinished State work west of Gettysburg to the Maryland line. There can be no doubt of the security of the investment. The Bonds bear interest at the rate of 6 per cent. per annum, payable semi-annually, and the Company are disposing of them at 80 per cent. of their par value. These Bonds are free from all local Taxes, and at the rate they are selling, yield to the holder 7½ per cent. per annum, clear of all Taxes. Persons desiring any of them must attend to it soon. For any information call on the undersigned, or on any of the officers of the Company.

R. M'CURDY, PRESIDENT.
Sept. 27. 3t

Take Notice.

PAY UP!—The undersigned, having a large amount of money standing out, would earnestly urge those indebted to make payment without delay. Accounts running six months and upwards, if not paid on or before the last day of October next, will be placed in the hands of an officer for collection.

Sept. 27. JACOBS & BRO.

HIGHLY VALUABLE

FARM & MILLS

AT PUBLIC SALE.

Noah Worman vs. Susanna Baile, and others. No 9, November term, 1857 Writ of Partition.

IN pursuance of an Order of Sale in the above case, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Vendue, upon the premises,

On Saturday, the 16th day of October next,

the following described Real Estate, to wit:

A PLANTATION,

Or TRACT OF LAND, situate in the townships of Oxford and Mountpleasant, Adams county, adjoining lands of John Stack, Christian Zinn, Michael Levinstine, Joseph Stough, Charles Smith, and others, containing

206 ACRES, MORE OR LESS.

The improvements are a one and a half story stone

Dwelling-house,

large Bank BARN, (stone and frame,) GRIST and MERCHANT MILL, with fine Water Power, A SAW MILL, ORCHARDS OF EXCELLENT FRUIT, well of water, and other improvements. A fair proportion of said tract is the best of MEADOW, and about 75 acres are excellent TIMBER. This property is situated on Little Conowago Creek, which runs through the place, within three-quarters of a mile of New Oxford. The RAILROAD, connecting Gettysburg and Hanover with the Northern Central Railroad, passes through this property, upon which Cars are now running daily. The Mills are in complete order, with as good a run of custom as any Mills in the county, situated as they are in a fine grain-growing region. The property will admit of division, and offers rare inducements for persons desirous of engaging in the business of farming, milling or merchandizing. Any information as to title, &c., can be obtained on reference to M. & W. McClean, Esqs., who have charge of the proceedings.

☞Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M., of said day.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, SHERIFF.
Sept. 13. ts

A DESIRABLE RESIDENCE

& LOTS AT PRIVATE SALE.

THE subscriber, wishing to relinquish business and remove, offers at Private Sale, on reasonable terms,

A Desirable Residence, & Lots of Ground,

situated in the pleasant village of Cashtown. On Lot No. 1 is erected a large & commodious two-story weather-boarded

DWELLING, with BACK BUILDING attached, fronting on the Gettysburg and Chambersburg Turnpike. The above has been occupied, in part, as a STORE for eighteen years, and situated, as it is, in a thriving and thickly-settled neighborhood, makes it an excellent situation for a Country Store.

There is also on the premises a Warehouse, Stable, Carriage-house, and all necessary Out-buildings, with an excellent and never-failing well of water at the kitchen door; also, a thriving young Orchard of choice fruit. Also, LOTS No. 2, 3, 4 and 5, adjoining the above, very desirable for building, or other purposes.

☞The above described property will be sold altogether or separate, as may suit purchasers. Any person wishing to view the property and learn terms, can do so by calling upon the undersigned, residing thereon. ABRAHAM SCOTT.

Aug. 23. 3m

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE

At Private Sale.

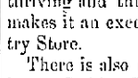
THE subscriber intending to quit Farming, will sell at Private Sale, the following described Real Estate, to wit:

The Mansion Farm,

5 miles west of Gettysburg, and about half a mile north of the Chambersburg Turnpike, situate in Franklin township, Adams county, Pa., adjoining lands of James Ewing, Benjamin Deardorff, Wm. Settle and others, containing

154 Acres, more or less.

The improvements are a one and a half story



Log Dwelling-house,

Bank Barn, Log Shop, a well of never-failing water near the door, with pump under cover, and a great variety of Fruit Trees on the premises. There is a due proportion of good Timber, and also of excellent Meadow on the tract. Marsh-creek runs through the Farm near the house. The property is situated convenient to good Mills, and also in the neighborhood of Stores and Churches.

☞If the property is not sold, it will be put up at Public Sale, on the *16th day of October next*, when terms will be made known by the subscriber residing thereon.

ANDREW THOMAS.
Aug. 23. td

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

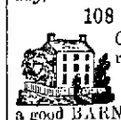
OF

Valuable Real Estate.

THE undersigned, assignee of JOHN SPIDLE, will sell at Public Sale, on the premises, immediately adjacent to the village of Fayetteville, Franklin county, Pa., on *Thursday, the 14th day of October next,*

108 ACRES OF LAND.

On the premises are a two storied weatherboarded



DWELLING HOUSE, a good BARN, 60 by 80 feet, and the necessary out Houses, and an Orchard of good fruit.—Also—A GRIST MILL and SAW MILL.

The Grist Mill has two run of Burs, and a good and sufficient Water Power, being situate on the Conococheague creek. The machinery is all nearly new, of the most improved kind, and together with the Machinery of the Saw Mill, in good working order.

☞The Land is equally adapted to tillage or grazing; while few Properties have the same advantages of location, being situated 6 miles East of Chambersburg, 4 miles from the C. V. Railroad, and immediately adjacent to the Village of Fayetteville, a thriving place, through which the Chambersburg and Gettysburg Turnpike road passes. This village has a flourishing Female Seminary, several well conducted Common Schools, 4 Stores and Post office, and affords a ready and convenient market for every kind of produce.

Persons, therefore, desiring to purchase a desirable property, would do well to give the one here offered, their attention.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock on said day, when the terms will be made known by

JOHN McLEAN,
JACOB BYERS,
Sept. 6.—3t *Assignees of John Spidle.*

PERSONS commencing Housekeeping will find it to their advantage to purchase TIN-WARE at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg street.

Professional Cards.

DAVID A. BUEHLER,

ATTORNEY AT LAW,

WILL promptly attend to collections and all business entrusted to his care.

☞Office in the Diamond, adjoining store of Boyer & Son.

Gettysburg, Feb. 4. 1y

WM. B. M'CLELLAN,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

OFFICE on the south side of the Public Square, two doors west of the "Sentinel" Office.

Dec. 23.

D. M'CONAUGHY,

ATTORNEY AT LAW.

Office removed to one door west of Buehler's Drug & Book-Store, Chambersburg street.)

ATTORNEY AND SOLICITOR

For Pensions and Patents,

Bounty Land Warrants, Back-Pay Suspended Claims, and all other claims against the Government at Washington, D.C.: also American claims in England. Land Warrants located and sold, or bought, and highest prices given.

Lands for sale in Iowa, Illinois, and other Western States: and Agents engaged locating Warrants there.

☞Apply to him personally or by letter.

Gettysburg, Nov. 7.

J. Lawrence Hill, M. D.

DENTIST.

HAS his Office one door west of the Lutheran Church, on Chambersburg st., opposite F. Picking's Store, where persons wishing to have any Dental operations performed are respectfully invited to call.

REFERENCES.

Rev. C. P. Krauth, D.D | Prof. Muhlenberg,
Prof. M. Jacobs, | " M. L. Stoever,
" H. L. Baugher, | Dr. H. S. Huber.

April 18. tf

SUNBEAM GALLERY.

THE subscriber would respectfully announce to the citizens of Gettysburg and the public generally, that he has provided himself with an entire new and splendid SKY-LIGHT AMBROTYPE ROOM, at his residence in West Middle street, one Square west of Fahnestock's Store, where he is prepared to furnish

AMBRO, MELAINO, ENAMEL, AND PHOTOGRAPH PICTURES,

in every style of the art, which he will warrant to give entire satisfaction, and is prepared to accommodate all with GOOD PICTURES, either single or in groups. He also has a number of specimens at his room in Chambersburg Street, a few doors West of Bringman & Culp's large Shoe Store, where he still continues as formerly to take pictures.

All who desire a correct likeness of themselves and friends, will do well to give us a call, as we have reduced our prices to suit the present "Hard Times."

Pictures copied from old specimens of all kinds; also, inserted in Lockets, Breast-Pins, Finger-Rings, &c.

The subscriber being thankful to his friends and the public in general for past patronage, wishes them to continue it, and assures them, that as heretofore they shall not be dissatisfied.

☞Charges from 50 cts. to $10. Hours for operating from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M. Gold Lockets and Breastpins, suitable for miniatures, always on hand, at the very lowest prices.

☞Children will not be taken for less than $1.00.

☞AMBROTYPES taken from one dollar and upwards, and in the best style.

May 3. SAMUEL WEAVER.

VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE

AT

PRIVATE SALE.

THE undersigned offers at Private Sale, all his Real Estate, as follows:

No. 1.—My late residence in Gettysburg, fronting 30 feet on Chambersburg street; with Brick Dwelling, Stable and other improvements.

No. 2—Lot adjoining the above on the West, fronting 29 feet on street, with Stable, &c.

No. 3.—Lot adjoining No. 2, fronting 25 feet on same street, with large Coach Shop, and other improvements.

No. 4.—Lot adjoining No. 3, fronting 29 feet with double Brick Dwelling, Smith Shop, &c.

No. 5.—Lot west of the Foundry, with Steam Saw and Grist Mill.

No. 6.—Lot adjoining No 5, containing about 3 acres.

No. 7.—Three Lots fronting each 30 feet on Chambersburg street.

No. 9.—Lot northeast of Town, containing about 4½ acres.

No. 10.—Tract of Land in Hamiltonban township, lying on Marsh creek, containing 51 acres, part cleared and part in first-rate timber.

No. 11.—Coach Establishment in Shepherdstown, Va., with good will, &c. The location is an admirable one for business, and improvements in good order.

☞Titles good, and terms to suit purchasers. Enquire of D. A. BUEHLER, Esq., Gettysburg, or the undersigned residing in Shepherdstown, Va. C. W. HOFFMAN.

Jan. 18.

VALUABLE

LIMESTONE FARM

FOR SALE.

THE Heirs of JAMES BLYTHE, dec., offer at Private Sale, on the premises, the

FARM,

of late deceased, situated in Carroll's Tract, Adams county, Pa., 8 miles west of Gettysburg, and 2 miles north of Fairfield, adjoining lands of John and Daniel Mickley, James Donaldson, John Rhea and others, containing

127 Acres and 132 Perches

of Patented Land, with a fair proportion Meadow and Timber-land. The improvements consist of

A TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE, with Back-building, and a well of never-failing water at the door; Blacksmith's Shop, a Double Log Barn, with Sheds, Corn-crib, and a well in the yard, also running water through the Farm. There is a variety of Fruit Trees, & an excellent ORCHARD on the premises.

The land is in a good state of cultivation being principally a Limestone soil, with an abundant quarry of Stone, and a substantial Lime-Kiln, but recently erected.

☞Persons wishing to examine the property will call upon one of the Heirs residing thereon. THE HEIRS.

May 24, 1858.

HOUSE SPOUTING and TIN ROOFING promptly attended to by *GEORGE E. BUEHLER.*

EMBROIDERIES—Very cheap, at MISS McCREARY'S.

STOVE PIPE, of all sizes, made

ADAMS COUNTY MUTUAL Fire Insurance Company.

Incorporated March 18, 1851

OFFICERS.

President—George Swope.
Vice President—S. R. Russell.
Secretary—D. A. Buehler.
Treasurer—David M'Creary.
Executive Committee—Robert McCurdy, Andrew Heintzelman, Jacob King.

MANAGERS:

George Swope,	S. Fahnestock,
D. A. Buehler,	Wm. B. Wilson,
R. M'Curdy,	H. A. Picking,
Jacob King,	Wm. B. M'Clellan,
A. Heintzelman,	John Wolford,
D. M'Creary,	R. G. M'Creary,
J. J. Kerr,	John Horner,
M. Eichelberger,	John Picking,
S. R. Russell,	J. Aughinbaugh,
J. R. Hersh,	Abdiel F. Gitt.
Andrew Polley,	

☞This Company is limited in its operations to the county of Adams. It has been in successful operation for more than six years, and in that period has paid all losses and expenses, *without any assessment*, having also a large surplus capital in the Treasury. The Company employs no Agents—all business being done by the Managers, who are annually elected by the Stockholders. Any person desiring an Insurance can apply to any of the above named Managers for further information.

☞The Executive Committee meets at the office of the Company on the last Wednesday on every month, at 2, P.M.

Sept. 21.

TO THE FARMERS.

MANNY'S COMBINED REAPING AND MOWING MACHINE WITH WOOD'S IMPROVEMENT.

THE undersigned, having been appointed Agent for the sale of Manny's Combined Reaping and Mowing Machine with Wood's Improvement, for Adams county, offers them to the public, knowing them to be the best combined machine in use. It has been successfully introduced into different parts of our State, and I sold thirty-four last season, in Adams county, all rendering satisfaction.—The machine received a silver medal at the State Fair,—also, the first Premium at York, Cumberland, Centre, Huntingdon, and other county Fairs, where it was exhibited. Farmers needing a Reaping Machine, will please call upon the undersigned, before purchasing, as he always takes great pleasure in showing the Machines. Early orders are solicited, as the number received from the manufacturer will be in proportion to the demand.

SAMUEL HERBST, *Agent.*
Opposite the Eagle Hotel, Gettysburg, Pa
March 1.

GIFTS! GIFTS!! GIFTS!!!

Splendid Gifts!

At 439 Chestnut St. The only Original Gift Book Store.

G. G. EVANS would inform his friends and the public, that his Star Gift Book Store and Publishing House is permanently established in Brown's splendid Iron Building, 439 Chestnut Street, two doors below Fifth, where the purchaser of each book, at the regular retail price, will receive one of the following gifts, valued at from 25 cents to $100:—

	Worth each
550 Patent English Lever Gold Watches,	$100 00
500 Patent Anchor do. do.	50 00
400 Ladies' Gold Watches, 18k. cases,	35 00
600 Silver Hunting Watches, warranted,	15 00
500 Parlor Timepieces,	10 00
500 Cameo Sets, Ear Drops and Pins,	10 00
500 Ladies' Gold Bracelets,	5 00 to 12 00
500 Gents' Vest and Fob Chains,	10 00
1000 Gold Lockets, (large size double cases,)	10 00
2000 Gold Lockets, (small size)	3 00
1000 Gold Pencil Cases, with Gold Pins,	5 00
1000 Extra Gold Pens, with cases and holders,	3 00
2500 Gold Pencils, (Ladies')	2 00
2500 Gold Pens, with Silver Pencils,	2 00
2500 Ladies' Gold Pens, with Cases and Holders,	1 50
6500 Gold Rings, (Ladies')	1 00
2000 Gents' Gold Rings,	2 50
2500 Ladies' Gold Breastpins,	2 50
3500 Misses' Gold Breastpins,	1 00
3500 Pocket Knives,	1 00
2000 Sets Gents' Gold Bosom Studs,	2 50
2000 do. Sleeves Buttons,	2 50
2000 Pairs of Ladies' Far Drops,	2 50
8000 Ladies' Pearl Card Cases,	5 00
15000 Ladies' Cameo Jet, or Mosaic Pins,	5 00
2500 Ladies' Shawl and Ribbon Pins,	1 50
5000 Articles of Gold Jewelry, Gift Book, &c. &c., not enumerated in the above, worth from 25 cents to $25.	

Evans' new Catalogue, which is sent free to all parts of the country, contains all the most popular books of the day, and the newest publications, all of which will be sold as low as can be obtained at other stores.

Agents wanted in every town in the Union. Those desiring so to act, can obtain full particulars by addressing as above.

N. B.—Being largely interested in publishing books, and buying from other publishers in immense quantities, for cash, I am enabled to make larger discounts to Country Agents and Book Dealers than can be had at any other house in the country.

Any book published in the United States, the retail price of which is one dollar or upwards, will be promptly sent, Gift included, on receipt of publisher's price.

An extra $1 Book and Gift given to any person ordering ten books to one address.

Send for a Catalogue. Address,

G. G. EVANS, PUBLISHER,
439 *Chesnut Street, Philadelphia.*
Sept. 20. 2m

G. S CLARK & Co. No. 26 Maiden Lane, New York, Manufacturers of Gold & Silver PENCIL CASES & GOLD PENS of every description, offer their goods direct to the country trade at the prices others charge the city dealers, thereby saving the purchaser about 20 per cent. which they would have to pay the dealers if bought from them—our object is to sell for cash at one profit over the cost of manufacturing. Samples will be furnished to those who may desire to see the goods, AT THE DOZEN PRICE, and can be sent by express, with bill to collect.

Aug. 16. 3m

2,500 MORE MEN WANTED AS AGENTS to circulate rapid selling valuable FAMILY WORKS, which attract by their low prices, interesting contents, and superbly colored plates. For circulars, with particulars, apply, if you live East, to HENRY HOWE, No. 102 Nassau st., N. Y., if West, to the same, No. 111 Main-st., Cincinnati.

Aug. 16. 3m

MOLASSES from 37½ to 75 cents per gallon, and Coffees from 12 to 14 cents per pound—in top articles, and worthy the attention of housekeepers, at

DANNER & ZIEGLER, Jrs.

THE attention of the Ladies is especially invited to the large and well-selected assortment of Ladies, Misses and Children's SHOES and GAITERS, at

M'ILHENY'S.

TO GET the full worth of your money, make your purchases of Ready made Clothing, Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, Clocks, Violins and every thing else in the variety line, at SAMSON'S.

NAILS.—A big lot of Avalon Nails, all sizes, and the best quality manufactured, very low for Cash, at

DANNER & ZEIGLER, Jrs.

GENTLEMEN, do you wish to select from a large and handsome variety of Cravats Handkerchiefs, Suspenders, &c.? If you do call at SCHICK'S.

ALL kinds of *CEDAR & WILLOW WARE* for sale low by *Gillespie & Thomas*

POWDER, Shot, B. Lead, & Percussion Caps, for sale at SCOTT'S.

FRESH FRUITS,

GROCERIES. NOTIONS, &C.

Fruits.—Fruits of every description, as follows—Layer Rasins, Figs, Oranges, Lemons, Dates, Palm Nuts, Filberts, hard and paper shell Almonds, Pea nuts, &c.

Groceries.—A good assortment of Sugars—Loaf, Brown, Powdered and Crushed, Coffee, N. O. Molasses, Syrups of the best quality, Rice, Soda, Starch, Teas, Cinnamon, (ground and unground,) Cloves, Mustard, &c.

Perfumery.—Perfumery of every description, which will be sold low for *Cash.*

Lemon Syrup.—A large lot just received. Any one desiring a cheap, pleasant and healthy drink will do well by purchasing this Syrup,

Tobacco.—All the various kinds of Tobacco, Cigars and Snuff, for sale by Wm. Boyer & Son.

Vinegar.—We have a good quality, as all will say who have tried it.

WM. BOYER & SON.
April 26.

Now for Bargains, at JOHN SCOTT'S NEW STORE,

In Chambersburg Street,

WHO has just added to his large stock of Groceries, &c., a full supply of DRY GOODS, Calicoes, Muslins, Delaines, &c., which have been selected with care, and will be sold at prices to suit the times. Call and examine for yourselves. Also, just received a fresh supply of Groceries and Queensware, Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, Cheese, Spices, Oranges, Lemons, Almonds, Prunes, Confections, Cocoa Nuts, Powder, Shot, Tobacco, Segars, Brooms, Shovels, Forks, Scythes and Scythe Snaths, Whetstones &c.; in a word—everything appertaining to a variety store.

The public will accept my thanks for the liberal patronage heretofore given me, and are requested to call and examine my stock of Goods. I will be glad to see my friends at all times, and will sell them Goods at prices which cannot be beat.

May 10. JOHN SCOTT.

NEW FIRM.

BRINGMAN & CULP,

Successors to Bringman & Aughinbaugh, Manufacturers and Dealers in

HATS, Caps, Boots, Shoes, Trunks, Harness, Saddles, Bridles, Collars, Umbrellas, Canes, &c., &c. Having commenced business at the well known stand of Bringman & Aughinbaugh, (Sign of the Big Boot) we invite all who desire anything in our line of business, feeling confident that we will be able to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor us with their patronage. Boots and Shoes made upon the shortest notice, as heretofore. Also, Saddles, Harness, Bridles, Trunks, etc., and all kinds of repairing done at the shortest notice.

Come one! Come all!! Remember the place, Chambersburg street, Sign of the Big Boot.

April 26. tf

Particular Attention!

THE RAIL ROAD

WILL without doubt be finished to Gettysburg by the first of October next, and it is confidently expected that the board of Directors will give a free "blow out" on that great day. Meantime Picking would most respectfully inform those 500 men who purchased their Overcoats from him last fall, and those 499 who have already procured their Summer Clothing, and the public generally, that he has just returned from the city with another beautiful assortment of Coats, consisting of Cloth, Cassimere, Cashmaret, Italian cloth, Ducks, and Linen, Frock, sack and Raglans.

PANTS

of every possible description, and at prices that cannot fail to please the most economical purchaser.

VESTS

that will compete in make and style with the best custom work. Thankful for the past encouragement, I hope by a desire to please, a strict attention to business, and by giving you all good and cheap clothing, to merit a continuance of your patronage. Remember the place, Chambersburg street, opposite the English Lutheran Church.

F. B. PICKING.
July 19.

READY MADE CLOTHING.

George Arnold

HAS now on hand the largest Stock of Ready Made Clothing in Town, comprising every variety and size—all of his own manufacturing; which will be warranted well made. Having hands constantly employed cutting out, and making up, if we cannot fit you with a garment, ready made, we will sell you the goods, take your measure, and make you up a garment on the shortest notice.—Please call at the Clothing Emporium, where you will find Mr. Culp always on hand, bright and accommodating. Our Stock is large, well selected, and will be sold cheap for cash.

Gettysburg, March 29, 1858.

Clear the Way for the New Firm!

NO. 1, 2, and 3, Riding and Wagon saddles, Trotting, Buggy, and Carriage Harness, Buggy, Carriage, Stage, Mule Hair, Ticking and common Collars. Riding and Driving Bridles, Martingales, Halters, Horse covers and Fly Nets of every description; Whips &c., just received and for sale astonishingly low at BRINGMAN & CULPS, sign of the "BIG BOOT," Chambersburg street.

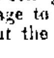
May 10.

MEN'S WEAR.

J. L. SCHICK would invite the attention of buyers to his large Stock of Fine Black Cloths, Fine Colored do., Fine Black Cassimers, Fancy Cassimers, Side Striped do., Vestings, Cravats, Hosiery, Gloves, Suspenders, Handkerchiefs, &c., &c.

April 5, 1858.

Spring Millinery.



MISS M'CREARY has just returned from the City, and is now opening a beautiful assortment of MILLINERY, and FANCY GOODS, of the latest styles, which she will sell at the lowest cash prices, and which she invites the ladies to call and examine.

☞Milliners who wish to buy to sell again, will find it much to their advantage to give her a call, as she keeps none but the most fashionable Goods.

April 19. 3m

To Builders.

HAVING increased our stock of Hardware, Oils, Paints, Glass, &c. We are prepared to offer very great inducements to persons building.

FAHNESTOCK BROTHERS.

FRESH GROCERIES.

COME AND SEE.

NORBECK & MARTIN have just received from the city a large lot of fresh Goods in their line. Sugar of all qualities and prices; Molasses, five different kinds; Coffees, three kinds; Teas, embracing every variety; Cheese, Crackers, Mackarel, Brooms, Brushes, &c., &c.; Powder and Shot, Pencils, and a variety of Fancy Articles.

April 12.

SHAWLS! SHAWLS!!—At SCHICK'S, Printed Cashmere Shawls, Stella, Crape, Thibet, Delaine.

A MOST BEAUTIFUL ASSORTMENT OF MILLINERY AND

FANCY GOODS.

MISS McCLELLAN

HAS just returned from the Cities, where she has added to her already large stock a new and elegant assortment of

MILLINERY AND FANCY GOODS,

to which she would invite the attention of her friends and the public, believing that an examination will satisfy them that her Goods are the best selected and most fashionable as well as the cheapest ever offered in this place. The assortment includes the new and fashionable styles of Cashmeres, Silks, De Lanes, Ginghams, Calicoes, De Bage, Coburg Cloths, Muslin, Linen, Sack Flannels, Bonnets and Bonnet Trimmings, Satins, Ladies' Dress Trimmings, Velvets, Artificials, Black Veils, Blue do., Gloves, Hosiery, Handkerchiefs, French Worked Collars, Cambric, Jaconett & Swiss Edgings, Insertings, Muslins, Sleeves, Mohair and Silk Mits, Black Lace and Fringe, Embroidered Handkerchiefs, Braids, Fans, &c., &c.

☞Call and examine for yourselves.

Gettysburg, April 26. tf

REMOVAL.

New House & New Goods

JACOBS & BROTHER

HAVE removed their Merchant Tailoring Establishment to the splendid new three-story house on the north side of Chambersburg street, adjoining Bringman & Aughinbaugh's, where they will continue business on a larger scale than ever.

Their stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinets, Vestings, &c., &c., has been largely increased, and they are prepared to sell *as low as the lowest*—defying all competition. Give them a call and examine their assortment before purchasing elsewhere. No trouble to show goods.

Clothing made up on short notice and in the very best and most tasteful manner.—With their long practical experience in the business, and a desire to please, they hope to be able to give satisfaction in all cases.

CALL! ONE AND ALL!

Gettysburg, March 29, 1858.

NEW FIRM.

GROCERIES & DRY GOODS.

J. C. Guinn & Brother

HAVE taken the store of John Hoke, on the North West corner of the Diamond, where they will continue the Dry Goods and Grocery business on an enlarged scale. They will constantly keep on hand a large and varied assortment of everything in their line.—They have just laid in a large and splendid stock of

Spring and Summer Goods,

and are now opening them for the inspection of the public. We cordially invite the citizens of Gettysburg and vicinity to give us a call, and examine for themselves, as we feel satisfied they will want no other recommendation to induce them to buy. We are determined to keep nothing but good Goods and to sell cheaper than the cheapest for the cash. Give us a call—no trouble to show goods.

J. C. GUINN & BRO.
March 29.

REMOVAL.

Alexander Frazer,

CLOCK AND WATCH-MAKER,

HAS removed his shop to his Old Stand, in Chambersburg street, opposite the Lutheran Church, where he will always be happy to attend to the calls of customers.—Thankful for past favors, he hopes, by strict attention to business, and a desire to please, to merit and receive the patronage of the public.

Gettysburg, March 15. tf

GETTYSBURG MARBLE YARD

WM. B. MEALS,

MANUFACTURER of **Monuments & Headstones** of every description, of Foreign and American Marble, lower than city prices. Persons desiring work in his line are respectfully invited to examine his selections, as well as his prices, before purchasing elsewhere. An ample compensation for their time and trouble is guarantied.—Shop opposite McConaughy's Hall, Carlisle street, Gettysburg, Pa.

Aug. 31. 3m

GROCERIES.

SUGAR, Coffee, Molasses, and all kinds of spices, and every article in the grocery line, cheap and good at the new Dry Good & Grocery Store of

J. C. GUINN & BRO.

NEW GOODS

STILL COMING AT FAHNESTOCK'S.

WE have just returned from the cities with another supply of New Goods. If you want to buy cheap, now is the time to do it. Go to Fahnestocks if you want very cheap goods. Their large purchases from the trade sales, thus saving the profit of the wholesale dealers, enable them to offer bargains.

COACH TRIMMINGS.

5,000 YARDS of Silk Coach Fringe.
400 " Blue & Drab Trimming Cloth.
15,000 Coach Tassels.
75 Sides Patent Leather.
8,000 Bolts, and a large variety of all kinds of Trimmings, which we will sell at reduced prices for cash. Now is the time for bargains at FAHNESTOCK'S.

June 7.

Shingles, Shingles.

THE subscribers have on hand and for sale,

100,000 *Prime Chestnut Shingles.*
50,000 *Seasoned Flour Bbl. Staves.*
15,000 *Tight Bbl Staves, ready to work,*

PAXTON & BLYTHE,
Jan. 18. Fairfield, Pa.

50,000 Segars,

OF various brands, direct from the importers, and for sale cheap, wholesale and retail. Don't forget to call at the cheap store of FAHNESTOCK BRO'S.

RICH EMBROIDERIES.—A large and beautiful assortment of rich French worked Collars, and many other new and seasonable goods, just to hand, and for sale at low prices at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH'S.

GLOVES!—Ladies and Gents' dark, light and black KID GLOVES of all qualities. Also Silk, Cotton, Worsted, Berlin and Buck gloves can be found at the cheap Dry Good Store of

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

A FRESH supply of fresh FISH—Shad, Mackarel, and Herring, by the barrel, —warranted good, at SCOTT'S.

CIGARS AND TOBACCO—A large supply of all kinds, just received at

J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

BONNETS, Ribbons, and Flowers, of every variety, and to suit every taste, to be found cheap at SCHICK'S.

STOCKS, Suspenders, Cravats and Handkerchiefs, at PICKING'S.

HENRY B. DANNER. WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER

NEW FIRM—NEW GOODS.

THE undersigned have entered into Partnership in the Hardware and Grocery business, at the Old Stand of DANNER AND ZIEGLER, in Baltimore street, under the name style and title of DANNER and ZIEGLER, Jrs., and ask, and will endeavor to deserve, a continuance of the patronage of the Old Firm, as well as any quantity of new custom.

They have just returned from the Cities with an immense stock of Goods—consisting, in part, of

Building Materials, such as Nails, Screws, Hinges, Bolts, Locks, Glass, etc., etc.

Tools, including Edge Tools of every description, Saws, Planes, Chisels, Gouges, Braces and Bits, Augers, Squares, Guages, Hammers etc., etc.

Blacksmiths will find Anvils, Vises, Rasps, Files, Horse-shoes, Horse-shoe Nails, etc. with them, very cheap.

Coach Findings, such as Cloth, Canvas, Damask, Fringes, Cotton, Moss, Oil-cloth, Springs, Axles, Hobs, Spokes, Felloes, Bows, Poles, Shafts, etc., etc.

Shoe Findings—Tampico, Brush and French Morocco, Linings, Bindings, Pegs, Lasts, Boot-trees, etc., with a general assortment of Shoemaker's Tools.

Cabinet maker's Tools—a general assortment; also, Varnish, Knobs, etc., etc.

Housekeepers will also find a large assortment of Knives and Forks, Britannia, Albata and Silver Plated Table and Tea Spoons, Candlesticks, Waiters, Shovels and Tongs, Sad-irons, Enameled and Brass Kettles, Pans, Tubs, Buckets, Churns Carpeting, etc., etc.

Also, a general assortment of Forged and Rolled IRON, of all sizes and kinds, Cast, Shear, and Blister Steel, which they will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

Groceries—a full and general assortment, such as Crushed, Pulverized, Clarified, and Brown Sugars, New Orleans, West Indies, and Sugar-house Molasses and Syrups, Coffee, Spices, Chocolate, fine coarse, and dairy Salt, Linseed, Fish and Sperm Oil, Turpentine, Fish, etc.

A full assortment of Lead and Zinc, dry and in oil, also Fire proof Paints; in fact, almost every article in the Hardware, Coach Finding, Shoe Finding, House-Keeping, Blacksmith, Cabinetmakers, Painters, and Grocery line—all of which they are determined to sell as low for cash as any house out of the City.

HENRY B. DANNER,
WAYBRIGHT ZIEGLER.
Gettysburg, May 24. tf

CHESNUT GROVE
WHISKEY
C.W.

Chesnut Grove Whiskey.—The purest Spirit ever offered the American public, possessing none of the poisoning qualities inherent in the Whiskey in common use. For sale only by the Agent.

CHARLES WHARTON, Jr.,
At DAVID B. TAYLOR'S, Wholesale Grocer, and General Liquor Dealer, No. 23 South FRONT Street, Philadelphia.

All persons desirous of using this Whiskey may rest assured of its purity.

Philadelphia, Jan. 20th 1858.

Dear Sir:—We have carefully examined the sample of "Chesnut Grove Whiskey," left with us a few days since, and find it to contain little or none of the poisonous substance known as fusil oil. Yours, respectfully,

BOOTH, GARRETT & CAMAC,
Analytical Chemists.

To Charles Wharton, Jr., No. 23 S. Front Street, Philadelphia.

☞The above is put up in cases of a dozen bottles to the case, or sold by the barrel or demijohn, together with a general assortment of WINES and LIQUORS.

March 8. 1y

A Card from Dr. James M. Jarrett,

of the New-York Lung Infirmary.—My connection for the past eight years with the above Institution, as Chief Physician, and a twelve years' course of steady devotion to the Cure of Pulmonary Consumption and its kindred diseases, together with my unrivalled opportunities and advantage of pathological research—aided not a little by a perfect system of *Medical Inhalation*—has enabled me to arrive at a decisive, direct, and successful course of treatment for the positive and radical cure of all diseases of the *Throat, Lungs,* and *Air-Passages.* By Inhalation, the vapor and curative properties of medicines are directly addressed to the diseased organs and the integument. I do not advise the use of Medical Inhalation of any kind, to the exclusion of *general treatment;* and although I consider it a useful adjuvant in the proper management of those fearful and often fatal diseases, yet I deem it very necessary that each patient should have the benefit of both *general* and local treatment. The success of my treatment in the above diseases, and the high character of the Institution over which I have so long had the honor to preside, are too well known to need any eulogy or comment from me. At the solicitation of many private and personal friends, through whose philanthropic aid the above charity has been long and liberally supported, and after due consideration, I have concluded to make such arrangements as will bring the benefits of my experience and treatment within the reach of all, and not confine myself, as heretofore, to those only who entered the Infirmary, or who were able to visit me at my office. Hoping therefore that the arrangement will give entire satisfaction, both to my professional brethren and the public, I would respectfully announce in conclusion, that *I can now be consulted personally or by letter,* on all diseases as above, and that the medicines, the same as used in the Institution, prepared to suit each individual case, *Inhaling Vapors, Medical Inhalers,* &c. &c., will be forwarded by express to any part of the United States or the Canadas: TERMS—My terms of treatment by letter are as follows, viz.: $12 per month for each patient, which will include medicine sufficient for one month's use; also, Inhaling Vapor, and an Inhaling Apparatus. Payment as follows: $6 to be paid to Express Agent on receipt of the box of Medicine, and the balance $6 at the expiration of the month, if the patient be cured or is entirely satisfied with the treatment. Patients, by giving a full history of their case, and their symptoms in full, can be treated as well by letter as by personal examination. Patient's availing themselves of Dr. Jarrett's treatment may rely upon immediate relief, as he seldom has to treat a case over thirty days. Letters for advice promptly answered. For further particulars address

JAMES M. JARRET, M.D.,
No. 820 Broadway, cor. Twelfth St., N. Y.

P. S.—Physicians and others visiting the city are respectfully invited to call at the Infirmary, where many interesting cases can be witnessed, and where one *improved apparatus* for the inhalation of medical vapor can be seen and inspected.

Aug. 2. 6m

VESTS—Such as Satin, Italian Cloth, Buff and White Marseilles, Linen, German, &c., at PICKING'S.

FLOUR AND FEED always on hand, of the best quality and sold at the smallest profits, at NORBECK & MARTIN'S.

New Livery Establishment.

CHARLES M. TATE has opened a new Livery Establishment, at the stables on Washington street, occupied in part by the "Eagle Hotel," and has made such arrangements as will enable him to accommodate the public at all times, on reasonable terms, with Horses, Buggies, Hacks, &c. His stock is good. On funeral occasions, &c., he will be able to supply a want which has been much needed. ☞Terms CASH.

May 31.

DAILY LINE TO HANOVER.

Extra Accommodation.

THE undersigned returns his thanks to the public for the encouragement heretofore extended to him, and takes pleasure in announcing that he has completed arrangements by which

TWO DAILY LINES

of Coaches will be run between Gettysburg and Hanover, to connect with the trains to and from Baltimore, York, Harrisburg, Philadelphia, &c. Persons desiring tickets or information will call on the undersigned, or on CHARLES TATE, Ticket Agent, at the Eagle Hotel, in Chambersburg street.

☞Special attention given to all packages, &c., or other business entrusted to the undersigned between Gettysburg and Hanover, which will be promptly and carefully attended to.

☞The undersigned has also effected arrangements, by which he will be able to supply Coaches, Stages, &c., for Funeral and other occasions, at moderate charges.

NICHOLAS WEAVER.
April 13. tf

HOWARD ASSOCIATION

PHILADELPHIA.

Important Announcement

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINAL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF-ABUSE, &c,

The Howard Association, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, have directed their Consulting Surgeon, as a Charitable Act worthy of their name, to give Medical Advice Gratis, to all persons thus afflicted, who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty and suffering, to furnish medicines Free of Charge.

The Howard Association is a benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with "Virulent and Epidemic Diseases." It has now a surplus of means, which the Directors have voted to expend in advertising the above notice. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest Medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

Just Published by the Association, a report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed envelope,) Free of Charge, on the receipt of two Stamps for postage.

Address Dr. George R. Calhoun, consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, Pres't.
GEO. FAIRCHILD, Sec'y.
Oct. 9. 1y

$25.

I Have a few HATHAWAY COOK STOVES, which I will sell for $25 cash.

March 15. GEO. ARNOLD.

MISS McCREARY has just returned from the city with a fresh assortment of Neapolitan, English Straw and Colored Straw Bonnets. Call and see them.

VIOLINS, Flutes, Fifes, Accordeons, etc. at PICKING'S.

TIN MILK-PANS, of all sizes, on hand or made to order, at BUEHLER'S, in Chambersburg Street.

THE attention of the LADIES is directed to the large and splendid assortment of new Spring and Summer Goods, such as Delanes, Lawns, Ducal Chali, Ginghams domestic and fine, Shawls, Bonnets, &c., at

J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

DON'T forget to call at SCHICK'S, all ye who wish to purchase choice articles of Perfumery, Hair Brushes, Soaps, and everything else in that line.

RAISINS, bunch and layer cheaper than the cheapest for sale by

Gillespie & Thomas.

JEWELRY, Watches, Pistols, Violins, Guitars, Accordeons, Harmonicons, eight-day, thirty-hour and Alarm Clocks, at all prices, to be had at SAMSON'S.

QUEENSWARE.—Persons wishing to purchase Queensware, will do well by examining the large and well selected assortment at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH'S.

JEWELRY & STATIONERY—any quantity and the best stock ever brought to his place. If you doubt it call in and see for yourselves—at SCHICK'S.

GROCERIES.—If you want a good assortment of Groceries, such as Syrups, Molasses, Sugar and Coffee, you will do well by examining the assortment at

H. S. & E. H. MINNIGH.

CLOTHS.—Cassimeres, and every article men's wear, good and cheap at

J. C. GUINN & BRO'S.

UMBRELLAS and Canes of every variety and prices, at

BRINGMAN & CULP'S.

CRANBERRIES, Raisins, Fruits, Fancy Articles, &c., at SCOTT'S.

JUST received, a small lot of Over Coats, which will be sold low, to close out for the season, at SAMSON'S.

AN extensive assortment of IRON and NAILS just received at

April 14. FAHNESTOCKS'.

FLOUR & FEED, for sale by GILLESPIE & THOMAS.

CUCUMBER Pickles and good Vinegar by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

FLY NETS.—Most magnificent assortment of Fly Nets at PICKING'S

DOMESTIC GOODS, of every variety, at SCHICK'S, consisting of Prints, Muslins, Ginghams, Checks, Tickings, Sheetings, &c., &c.

SUGAR, Coffee and Molasses, just received by *Gillespie & Thomas.*

PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, in and by the Act of the General Assembly of this State, entitled 'An act to regulate the General Elections of this Commonwealth,' enacted on the 2d of July, 1839, it is enjoined on me to give Public Notice of such Election to be held, and to enumerate in such notice what officers are to be elected: I, ISAAC LIGHTNER, Sheriff of the County of Adams, do, therefore, hereby give this public notice to the Electors of the said County of Adams, that a

GENERAL ELECTION

will be held in said County, on the *Second Tuesday of October next, (the 12th,)* in the several Districts, composed of the following Townships, viz:

In the First district, composed of the Borough of Gettysburg and the township of Cumberland, at the Court-house in Gettysburg.

In the Second district, composed of the township of Germany, at the house now occupied by Peter Lingenfelter, in the town of Littlestown, in the township of Germany.

In the Third district, composed of the township of Oxford, at the house of Widow Miley, in the town of New Oxford.

In the Fourth district, composed of the townships of Latimore and Huntington, at the house of Caleb B. Hildebrand, in the township of Huntington.

In the Fifth district, composed of the townships of Hamiltonban and Liberty, at the Public School-house in Millerstown.

In the Sixth district, composed of the township of Hamilton, at the house now occupied by Henry Hoffman, in the town of East Berlin.

In the Seventh District, composed of that part of Menallen not included in the Ninth District, at the public school-house in the town of Bendersville.

In the Eighth district, composed of the township of Straban, at the house of Jacob L Grass, in Hunterstown.

In the Ninth District, composed of the township of Franklin, and that part of Menallen mentioned in act of last session, at the house of Joseph Bennet, in Franklin township.

In the Tenth district, composed of the township of Conowago, at the house of John Busbey, in McSherrystown.

In the Eleventh district, composed of the township of Tyrone, at the house of Allen M. Cook, in Heidlersburg.

In the Twelfth district, composed of the township of Mountjoy, at the house of Victor Hause, in said township.

In the Thirteenth district, composed of the Township of Mountpleasant, at the public School-house, in said township, situate at the cross roads, the one leading from Oxford to the Two Taverns, the other from Hunterstown to Hanover.

In the Fourteenth district, composed of the township of Reading, at the public School house in Hampton.

In the Fifteenth district, composed of the Borough and township of Berwick, at the public School house in Abbottstown.

In the Sixteenth district, composed of the township of Freedom, at the house of Nicholas Moritz, in said township.

In the Seventeenth district, composed of the township of Union, at the house of Enoch Lefever, in said township.

In the Eighteenth district, composed of the township of Butler, at the public School-house in Middletown, in said township.

At which time and places will be elected

One Judge of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania;
One Canal Commissioner;
One Member of Congress, to represent the District composed of the Counties of Adams, Franklin, Bedford, Fulton and Juniata;
One Associate Judge of the Courts of Adams county;
One Member of Assembly;
One County Commissioner;
One County Auditor;
One Director of the Poor; and
One Coroner.

Particular attention is directed to the Act of Assembly, passed the 27th day of February, 1849, entitled 'An act relative to voting at elections in Adams, Dauphin, York, Lancaster, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, viz:

SECTION 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same—that it shall be lawful for the qualified voters of the counties of Adams, Lancaster, Dauphin, York, Franklin, Cumberland, Bradford, Centre, Greene, and Erie, from and after the passage of this act, to vote for all candidates for the various offices to be filled at an election on one slip or ticket: Provided, The office for which every candidate is voted for, shall be designated, as required by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

SECTION 2. That any fraud committed by any person voting in the manner above prescribed, shall be punished by the existing laws of this Commonwealth.

Attention is also directed to the following section of the Act of the General Assembly of the session of 1851, entitled 'An act to provide for the election of Judges of the several Courts of this Commonwealth.'

SECTION 4. That the election for Judges shall be held and conducted in the several election districts in the same manner in all respects as elections for representatives are or shall be held and conducted, and by the same judges, inspectors, and other officers; and the provisions of the act of the General Assembly, entitled "An Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," approved the second day of July, one thousand eight hundred and thirty nine, and its several supplements, and all other like laws, as far as the same shall be in force and applicable, shall be deemed and taken to apply to the election for judges: Provided, That the aforesaid electors shall vote for judges of the Supreme Court on a separate piece of paper.

ALSO—In and by virtue of the 34th section of the act aforesaid, every person, excepting Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of profit or trust under the government of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or otherwise, a subordinate officer or agent, who is, or shall be employed under the legislative, executive or judiciary departments of this State, or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, and also that every member of Congress and of the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any City, or Commissioner of any incorporated district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time, the office or appointment of Judge, Inspector, or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and that no Judge, Inspector, or other officer of any such election, shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for.

ALSO—That in the fourth section of the Act of Assembly entitled "An Act relating to executions, and for other purposes," approved April 16th, 1840, it is enacted that the aforesaid 13th section "shall not be construed, as to prevent any militia officer or borough officer, from serving as judge, inspector or clerk, at any general or special election in this Commonwealth."

And in and by an Act of the General Assembly of this State, passed the 2d day of July, 1839, it is directed that the Inspectors and Judges be at the places of their districts on the day of the General Election aforesaid, at 9 o'clock in the forenoon, to do and perform the several duties required and enjoined on them in and by the same act.

And be it further directed, in and by the act of the General Assembly of this State aforesaid, that one of the Judges of each of the different districts aforesaid, who shall have the charge of the certificates of the number of votes which shall have been given for each candidate for the different offices then and there voted for at their respective districts, shall meet on the third day after the election, which shall be on *Friday the 15th of October* aforesaid, at the Court-house in the Borough of Gettysburg, then and there to make a fair statement and certificate of the number of votes which shall have been given at the different districts in the county of Adams for any person for the offices aforesaid.

ISAAC LIGHTNER, *Sheriff.*
Sheriff's Office, Gettysburg, Sept. 13, 1858. te

THE LIVER INVIGORATOR!

PREPARED BY DR. SANFORD,

Compounded entirely from GUMS,

SANFORD'S LIVER INVIGORATOR!

IS ONE OF THE BEST PURGATIVE AND LIVER MEDICINES now before the public, that acts as a *Cathartic,* easier, milder, and more effectual than any other medicine known. It is not only a *Cathartic,* but a *Liver* remedy, acting first on the *Liver* to eject its morbid matter, then on the stomach and bowels to carry off that matter, that accomplishing two purposes effectually, without any of the painful feelings experienced in the operations of most *Cathartics.* It strengthens the system at the same time that it purges it; and when taken daily in moderate doses, will strengthen and build it up with unusual rapidity.

The Liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body; and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed. The *stomach* is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the *Liver* for the proper performance of its functions; when the out system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in a practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint, in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

These Gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a healthy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach, causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the cause of the disease—effecting a radical cure.

Bilious attacks are cured, and, what is better, prevented, by the occasional use of the Liver Invigorator.

One dose after eating is sufficient to relieve the stomach and prevent the food from rising and souring.

Only one dose taken before retiring, prevents nightmare.

Only one dose taken at night, loosens the bowels gently, and cures Costiveness.

One dose taken after each meal will cure dyspepsia.

☞One dose of two tea-spoonsful will relieve Sick Headache.

One bottle taken for female obstruction removes the cause of the disease, and makes a perfect cure.

Only one dose immediately relieves Cholic, while one dose often repeated is a sure cure for Cholera Morbus, and a preventive fo Cholera.

☞Only one bottle is needed to throw out of the system the effects of medicine after a long sickness.

☞One bottle taken for Jaundice removes all sallowness or unnatural color from the skin.

One dose taken a short time before eating gives vigor to the appetite, and makes food digest well.

One dose often repeated cures Chronic Diarrhœa in its worst forms, while Summer and Bowel complaints yield almost to the first dose.

One or two doses cures attacks caused by Worms in Children: there is no surer, safer, or speedier remedy in the world, as it *never fails.*

☞A few bottles cures Dropsy, by exciting the absorbents.

We take pleasure in recommending this medicine as a preventive for Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, and all Fevers of a Bilious Type. It operates with certainty, and thousands are willing to testify to its wonderful virtues.

All who use it are giving their unanimous testimony in its favor.

☞Mix Water in the mouth with the Invigorator, and swallow both together.

The Liver Invigorator

IS A SCIENTIFIC MEDICAL DISCOVERY, and is daily working cures, almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit,* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of Liver Complaint, from the worst *Jaundice* or *Dyspepsia* to a common *Headache,* all of which are the result of a Diseased Liver.

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May 17. 1y

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